

METRO



APPROVED





FY 2008



BUDGET



Executive



Summary





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Since Metro was created in 1967, it has planned, built and operated a highly efficient transit system. After forty years, we are now moving into a new era. Metro's mission has changed. We won't be building any more additions to the system. That will be for others to do. They will build any expansions to our specifications, but we will focus on maintaining and operating the system.

On April 26, 2007, we presented a new organizational structure to Metro's Board of Directors. The central philosophy behind the structure is to place emphasis on our operating units and to align the rest of the organization in support of bus, rail and paratransit. We are in the business of delivering exceptional transit service to our customers. Our new organization and focus will help us do that and become the best transit agency in the country.

To help us achieve our goal, the Metro Board of Directors has approved a fiscal 2008 annual budget of \$2.2 billion. It consists of a \$1.2 billion operating budget, a \$0.7 billion capital budget and \$0.3 billion in reimbursable project expenses. This has not been an easy budget year for Metro. We have made some difficult, and sometimes painful, decisions.

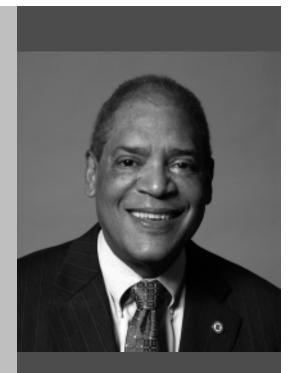
In recent years, we experienced growth in our administrative and support positions, but not in our operations positions. As a result, we eliminated 213 positions and an additional 41 positions will be eliminated in the next year. All of these positions were in administration or in the construction department, which was scaled back due to the changing mission. Not one position was cut that related to service or safety.

In spite of the difficulty in formulating the fiscal 2008 budget, we are very proud of the fact that this budget includes no fare increase and no service cuts.

We have already begun thinking about the fiscal 2009 budget. This year's budget relied heavily on a one-time revenue source. In the future, we will need revenue enhancements in order to deliver the service that the region expects.

I plan to begin a discussion on fare policy in the fall of 2007. We will ask our Board of Directors to consider linking fares to an economic index. With such a system, fares would rise at regular intervals instead of big jumps every few years. Furthermore, linking fares to an economic index makes fare increases transparent, predictable and easily understandable.

On behalf of Metro, I am pleased to present our approved fiscal 2008 annual budget. We hope you find this a useful document and that it addresses any questions you may have about our mission and budget.



John B. Catoe General Manager

We are in the business of delivering exceptional transit service to our customers. Our new organization and focus will help us do that and become the best transit agency in the country.

Metro Board of Directors

Elizabeth Hewlett Chair



Christopher Zimmerman First Vice Chairman



Jim Graham Second Vice Chairman



Peter Benjamin



Dana Kauffman



Emeka C. Moneme



Marcell Solomon



William D. Euille



Marion Barry



Metro is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of 12 members. The Board is comprised of six voting and six alternate members. Maryland, the District of Columbia and Virginia each appoint two voting members and two alternates.

Elizabeth Hewlett, Chair, joined the Metro Board in April 2007 as a Principal Director, representing Prince George's County and the State of Maryland. She is currently a principal in the law firm of Shipley & Horne, P.A.

Christopher Zimmerman, First Vice Chairman, has served on the Board as a Principal Director representing Arlington County, VA, since January 1998. He has served on the Arlington County Board since 1996.

Jim Graham, Second Vice Chairman, joined the Board in January 1999 and represents the District of Columbia as a Principal Director. Mr. Graham serves on the Council of the District of Columbia, representing Ward 1.

Peter Benjamin joined the Board in April 2007 as a Principal Director, representing Montgomery County and the State of Maryland. Mr. Benjamin previously served as Metro's Chief Financial Officer from 1993-2006.

Dana Kauffman has served on the Board since January 1996 and became the Principal Director representing Fairfax County, VA in January 2001. He has served on the Fairfax County Board of Supervisors since January 1996.

Emeka C. Moneme joined the Board in February 2007 as a Principal Director, representing the District of Columbia. Mr. Moneme serves as the Director of the District Department of Transportation.

Marcell Solomon joined the Board in March 2003 as an Alternate Director from Prince George's County, MD. Mr. Solomon currently practices law at Solomon & Martin in Greenbelt, MD.

William D. Euille joined the Board in July 2000 as an Alternate Director representing the City of Alexandria, VA. Mr. Euille is currently the Mayor of Alexandria.

Marion Barry joined the Board in January 2005 as an Alternate Director for the District of Columbia. Mr. Barry serves on the Council of the District of Columbia, representing Ward 8. Gordon Linton joined the Board in May 2004 as an Alternate Director representing Montgomery County, MD. Mr. Linton is a Senior Advisor and Vice President of Business Development with WageWorks, Inc.

Catherine Hudgins joined the Board in January 2004 as an Alternate Director, representing Fairfax County, VA. Ms. Hudgins was elected to the Fairfax County Board of Supervisors in November 1999.

Anthony R. Giancola joined the Board in February 2007, as an Alternate Director representing the District of Columbia. Since 1993, he has served as the Executive Director of the National Association of County Engineers.



Gordon Linton



Catherine Hudgins



Anthony R. Giancola

Agency Oversight

Riders' Advisory Council

On December 15, 2005, the Metro Board appointed a Riders' Advisory Council (RAC). The council allows Metro customers an unprecedented level of input on bus, rail and paratransit service. The 21-member RAC includes six representatives from Maryland, Virginia, and the District of Columbia, two atlarge members, and the chair of Metro's Elderly and Disabled Transportation Advisory Committee. Michael Snyder currently serves as RAC chairman.

Jurisdictional Coordinating Committee

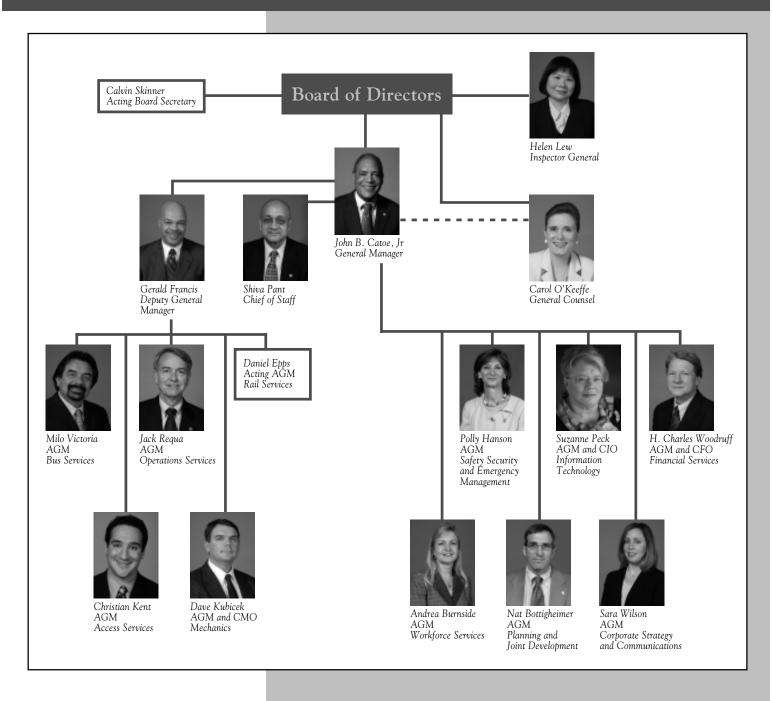
The Jurisdictional Coordinating Committee (JCC) consists of staff members from the jurisdictions supporting Metro. The JCC was established by the Board of Directors to facilitate the exchange of information between jurisdictions and Metro staff. Meeting agendas are established by Metro staff and the JCC chairman and include items referred by the Board or Metro staff as well as items requested by JCC members. Freddie Fuller, representing the District of Columbia, currently serves as JCC chairman.

Elderly and Disabled Transportation Advisory Committee

Metro's Elderly and Disabled Transportation Advisory Committee was created to address the needs of senior citizens and customers with disabilities. Its efforts have resulted in numerous service upgrades including gap reducers, which make it easier for customers who use wheelchairs to board Metrorail trains. Patrick Sheehan currently serves as chairman.



Metro Organizational Chart



What is Metro?

History in Brief

Metro was created in 1967 through an Interstate Compact. Construction of the Metrorail system began in 1969 and the first phase of Metrorail operation began in 1976. Metro added a second transit service to its network in 1973 when, under direction from the U.S. Congress, it acquired four area bus systems and created Metrobus. In 1994, Metro added a third transit service when it began providing MetroAccess, a paratransit service for people with disabilities unable to use fixed route transit service. Metro completed the originally planned 103-mile Metrorail system in early 2001. In 2004, Metro expanded the system, opening the Blue Line extension to Largo Town Center and New York Ave-Florida Ave-Gallaudet U station on the Red Line. The expansion brought the Metrorail system to its current 106 miles.

Metro Facts

- Metro maintains the 2nd largest rail system and the 5th largest bus system in the nation.
- Average weekday passenger trips on Metrorail and Metrobus total nearly
 1.2 million.
- Metro serves a population of over 3.5 million within a 1,500 squaremile area.
- Metro has spurred over \$25 billion of economic development at or adjacent to Metro property.

Metro Provides Three Services

Metro — with over 10,000 employees and a \$2.2 billion budget — provides three transit services: Metrorail, Metrobus and MetroAccess.

- The Metrorail system operates a fleet of nearly 1,000 rail cars and provides over 200 million passenger trips annually.
- The Metrobus system operates a fleet of nearly 1,500 buses and provides over 130 million passenger trips annually.
- MetroAccess operates a fleet of over 300 vans and sedans and provides
 1.6 million passenger trips annually.



Metro maintains the 2nd largest rail system and the 5th largest bus system in the nation.

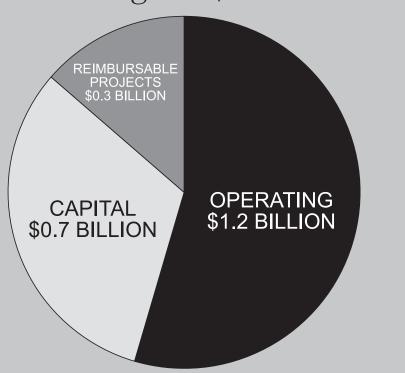


Budget at a Glance



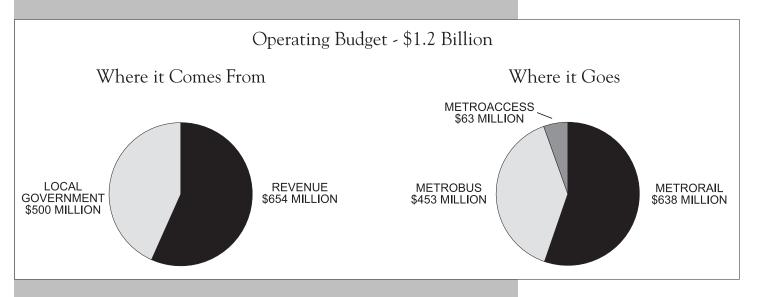


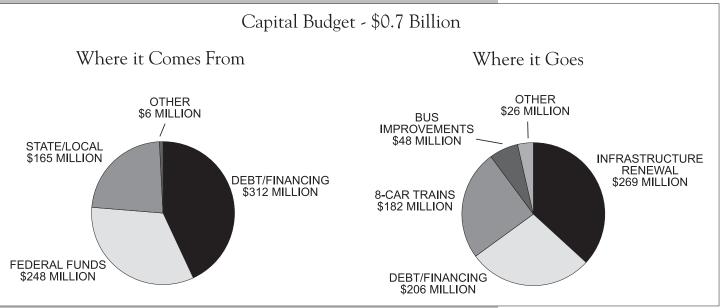
Total Budget - \$2.2 Billion

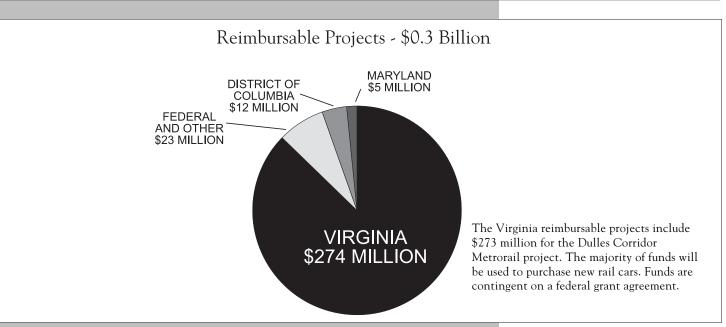


Metro's approved FY 2008 annual budget is divided into three areas: a \$1.2 billion operating budget, a \$0.7 billion capital budget and \$0.3 billion in reimbursable project expenses.

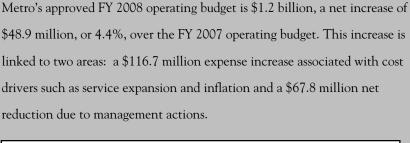
- Metro's \$1.2 billion operating budget receives revenue from its customers and from other sources such as advertising and parking. However, these revenues do not cover all expenses; state and local governments provide support to cover the gap. (Metro does not operate at a profit.) The operating budget pays for items such as electricity for trains, fuel for buses and the employee payroll.
- Metro's \$0.7 billion capital budget receives revenue from federal funds, states and local jurisdictions, and debt/financing. The capital budget pays for items such as infrastructure renewal (e.g., trackwork and power upgrades) and new rail cars and buses.
- Metro's \$0.3 billion in reimbursable project expenses consists of items that have specific funding sources. Examples include rail car funding for the Dulles Metrorail project, the DC Circulator and increased Metrorail service on the Red and Yellow lines.







Why is the Operating Budget Going Up?

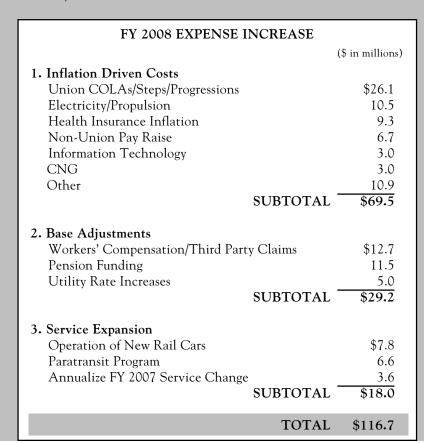


	(\$ in millions)
FY 2007 Operating Budget	\$1,104.9
Expense Increase	\$116.7
Management Actions	(67.8)
SUBTOTAL (Net Increase)	\$48.9
Approved FY 2008 Operating Budget	\$1,153.8



Metro's expenses will increase by \$116.7 million in FY 2008. The expense increase is linked to three areas: inflation driven costs, base adjustments and service expansion.

Inflation driven costs increase the operating budget by \$69.5 million. This includes inflationary increases in employee salaries, health insurance and electricity and fuel costs.





Base adjustments increase the operating budget by \$29.2 million. This includes increases for workers' compensation, pension funding and utility rates.

Service expansion increases the operating budget by \$18 million. This includes additional funds for the operation of new rail cars, improvements to the paratransit program and annualized FY 2007 service changes such as bus overcrowding relief and increased rail service.

Management Actions

Metro has cut costs and controlled spending in a number of areas, which total a net reduction of \$67.8 million. This includes \$34.8 million in actions to reduce expenses and a \$40 million one-time credit achieved through litigation. These two savings (totalling \$74.8 million) are offset by \$7.0 million in funding for congestion and safety initiatives.

The \$34.8 million in actions to reduce expenses includes the elimination of 254 positions (none relate to service or safety); an across-the-board cut to non-personnel administrative costs; credits for CNG fuel and engaging in diesel fuel swaps; and reductions in other areas including contractual services, travel and marketing.

The \$40 million one-time credit is the result of litigation efforts and was used to reduce growth in expenses. This credit will not appear in future budgets.

The \$7 million in congestion and safety funding includes overcrowding relief on Metro's busiest lines, additional street supervisors to monitor Metrobus routes and safety refresher training for Metrobus operators.

MANAGEMENT ACTIONS	
1. Management Actions to Reduce Expenses Eliminating 254 administrative positions	(\$11.0)
Cutting non-personnel administrative costs	(10.8)
Identifying fuel savings (e.g., credits, fuels swaps)	(6.0)
Reducing contractual services, travel, marketing	(5.0)
Identifying health insurance savings (e.g., rebates)	(2.0)
SUBTOTAL	(\$34.8)
2. One-time credit achieved through litigation	(\$40.0)
3. Funding for congestion and safety	\$7.0
TOTAL	(\$67.8)

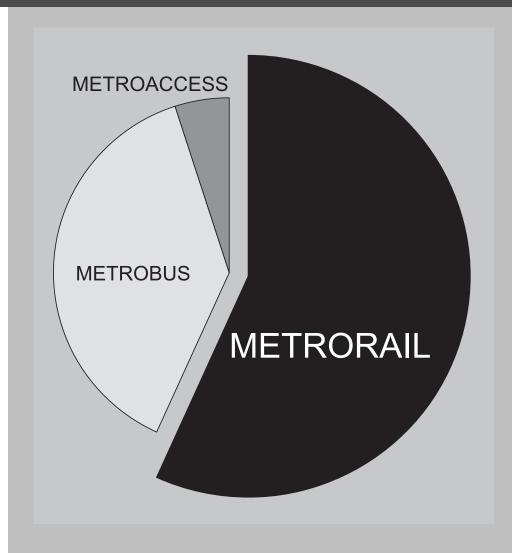


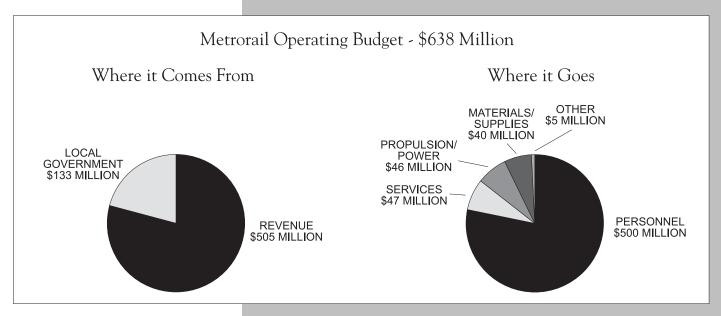
Metrorail Operating Budget

Metro's \$1.2 billion

Operating Budget includes

\$638 million for Metrorail.





Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding. "Other" category includes the net result of expenses and construction settlement reimbursement. See appendices for further detail.

Metrorail Performance

Metrorail is committed to providing quality rail service to its customers. In this effort, Metrorail has identified two key performance measures: on-time performance and cost per revenue mile.

On-time performance in rail reflects the percent of all trains that arrive at heavy-use stations within four minutes of their scheduled arrival. Any deviation of more than four minutes counts against this measure. Metrorail expects on-time performance to improve as it completes major rehabilitation of its rail car fleet.

Cost per revenue mile measures how cost effectively Metrorail is delivering its service. Although cost per revenue mile went up in FY 2007, this measure is expected to decline in FY 2008.

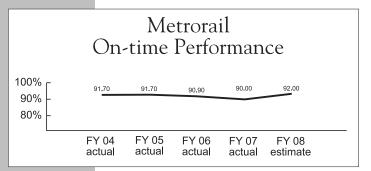
Cost per revenue mile increased in FY 2007 partially due to rising electricity rates. Metro expects this measure to decline in FY 2008 due to management actions to reduce expenses (as referenced on page 11).

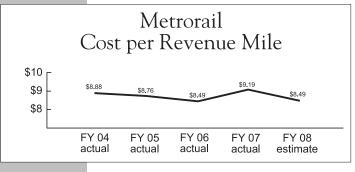
Metrorail Actions in FY 2008

In FY 2008, Metrorail is undertaking the following actions to improve performance and enhance customer service:

- Acquire and deploy 184 new rail cars in addition to rehabilitation of current rail cars.
- Replace old mainline switches to reduce breakdowns and failures.
- Increase equipment reliability to reduce in-service delays and offloads as well as improve rail car interiors and exteriors.
- Replace 13 miles of rail track per year to maintain the system and reduce track-related mechanical failures.
- Continue customer outreach programs to address customer and employee concerns.
- Provide refresher training to supervisors and train operators that focuses on safety, customer service and rail efficiency.

Metrorail expects on-time performance to improve as it completes major rehabilitation of its rail car fleet.



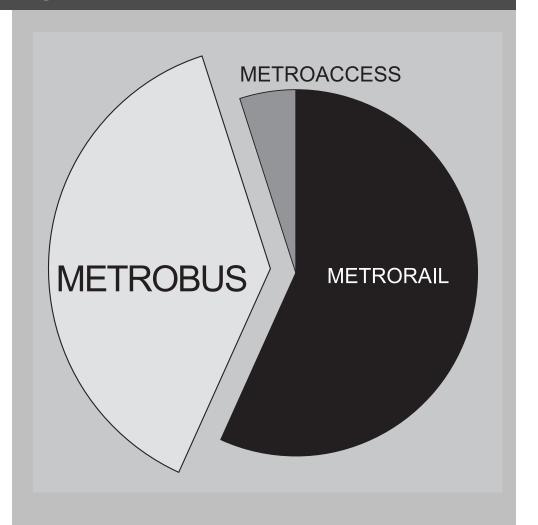


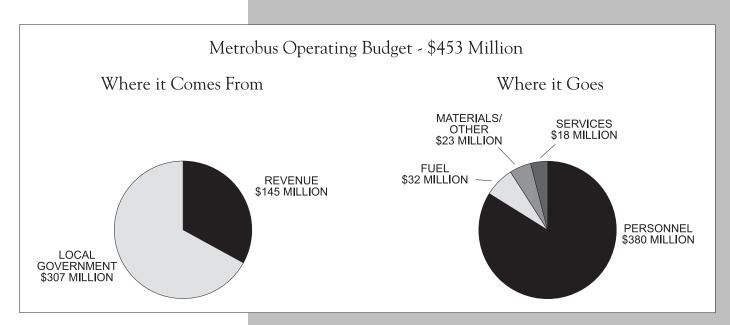
Metrobus Operating Budget

Metro's \$1.2 billion

Operating Budget includes

\$453 million for Metrobus.





Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding. "Other" category includes the net result of expenses and construction settlement reimbursement. See appendices for further detail.

Metrobus Performance

Metrobus is committed to providing quality bus service to its customers. In this effort, Metrobus has identified two key performance measures: bus reliability (measured by mean distance between failures) and cost per revenue mile.

Bus reliability is measured by the average number of miles a bus travels without mechanical failure. This measure indicates the overall reliability of the Metrobus fleet for its customers. Bus reliability has increased by 32% from FY 2004 to 2007. Metrobus experienced a large increase in bus reliability in FY 2007 due to the delivery of new buses, improving fleet reliability. Metrobus expects the measure to go down in FY 2008, primarily due to a delay in the delivery of new buses.

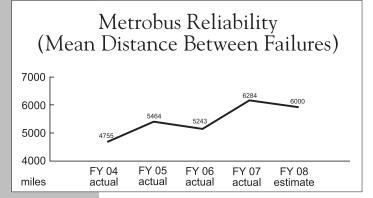
Cost per revenue mile measures how cost effectively Metrobus is delivering its service. From FY 2004 to 2007, Metrobus' cost per revenue mile has increased partially due to the volatility of fuel costs. In FY 2008, Metro expects the trend to continue due to increased expenses in areas such as customer service and security.

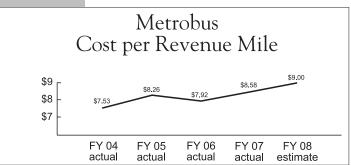
Bus reliability has increased by 32% from FY 2004 to 2007. Metrobus experienced a large increase in bus reliability in FY 2007 due to the delivery of new buses, improving fleet reliability.

Metrobus Actions in FY 2008

In FY 2008, Metrobus is undertaking the following actions to improve performance and enhance customer service:

- Initiate a multi-year bus procurement to meet annual equipment needs through FY 2011, with 100 buses scheduled for arrival toward the end of 2008.
- One hundred existing buses will be completely overhauled to a "like new" condition.
- A new contract providing bus cleaning and sign maintenance service will provide a noticeable customer service improvement.
- Implementation of an on-board video camera surveillance program will enhance passenger security.



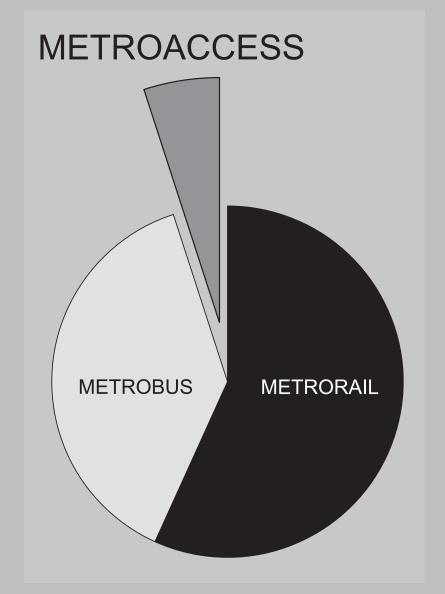


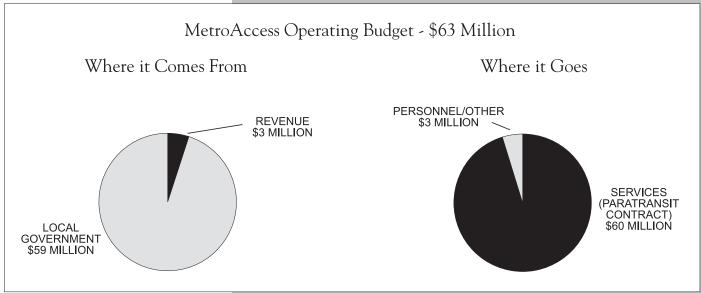
MetroAccess Operating Budget

Metro's \$1.2 billion

Operating Budget includes

\$63 million for MetroAccess.





Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding. "Other" category includes the net result of expenses and construction settlement reimbursement. See appendices for further detail.

MetroAccess Performance

MetroAccess is a shared-ride paratransit service which transports people with disabilities who are unable to use Metrobus or Metrorail. MetroAccess has identified two key performance measures: on-time performance and average cost per passenger.

On-time performance represents the frequency with which MetroAccess services are provided within 15 minutes of the customer's scheduled pick-up time. This is a major indicator used to gauge paratransit system performance. On-time performance improved in FY 2007 and MetroAccess expects the measure to improve again in FY 2008 as it expands its fleet and refines its scheduling process.

Average cost per passenger represents the operating cost for MetroAccess service per passenger (includes the fare-paying customer and any attendants or companions). Average cost per passenger has risen steadily with the growth of paratransit ridership and increased costs to provide the service.

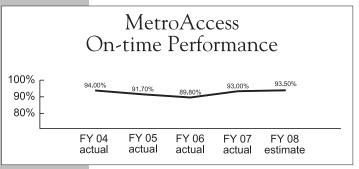
MetroAccess Actions in FY 2008

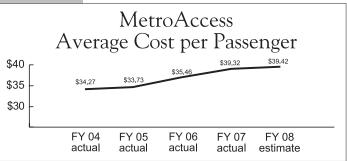
In FY 2008, MetroAccess is undertaking the following actions to improve performance and enhance customer service:

- MetroAccess will realign its eligibility process to better inform consumers and refer them to available transit and specialized transportation services in the region.
- Metro's Office of ADA (Americans with Disabilities Act)

 Programs will provide increased travel training, encouraging current and prospective customers to use Metro's Free Ride and Reduced Fare programs for Metrobus and Metrorail.
- MetroAccess will implement door-to-door service, providing a greater level of assistance to customers.
- Using a special federal grant, MetroAccess will expand its fleet to increase wheelchair capacity and improve scheduling flexibility throughout the system.

On-time performance improved in FY 2007 and MetroAccess expects the measure to improve again in FY 2008 as it expands its fleet and refines its scheduling process.





Capital Budget

Metro's approved FY 2008 capital budget is \$731 million.



Metro's approved FY 2008 capital budget is \$731 million. The capital budget is linked to six major areas:

- 1. Infrastructure Renewal Program (\$269 million): maintains, rehabilitates and replaces Metro's infrastructure, trains and buses. This program includes funds for procurement of hybrid-electric buses, replacement of bus and rail equipment, track improvements, rehabilitation of tunnels and aerial structures and communications upgrades.
- 2. Debt Service/Financing (\$206 million): includes financing associated with the Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act of 1998 (TIFIA). In FY 2000, Metro received a TIFIA loan guarantee to accelerate the Infrastructure Renewal Program by allowing unfunded projects to be approved.
- 3. Eight-Car Trains (\$182 million): will allow Metrorail to add 184 new rail cars and operate fifty percent of its peak hour trains in an eight-car configuration. Eight-car trains will significantly increase Metrorail's passenger carrying capability and reduce crowding on station platforms. This program also includes funds for power system upgrades and maintenance yard expansion to support eight-car train operations.
- 4. Bus Improvements (\$48 million): includes procurement of new buses and construction of a new bus storage and maintenance facility in Fairfax County, Virginia. The new bus facility will be a joint-use facility with the Fairfax County government. This program also includes a variety of bus stop improvements and the development of Intelligent Transportation System features at various transit centers.
- 5. Program Management (\$15 million): capital program professional management support and financial consultants/fees for Metro's financing activities.
- **6. Security (\$11 million)**: includes funds for bus garage security, radio communications enhancements, camera surveillance, expansion of a chemical detection system and front-line employee training.

Reporting on the Capital Budget

Internal Reporting

- Staff provides quarterly reports on the capital budget to the Board of Directors' Finance Committee.
- Throughout the year, project managers provide in-depth reports on their projects to the other Board committees.

External Reporting

- Quarterly, Metro's General Manager and appropriate staff meet with Federal Transit Administration (FTA) officials to discuss the status of federally-funded projects.
- Each month, Metro staff meets the FTA's Project Management Oversight Committee to discuss federally-funded projects.
- Metro meets regularly with members of the JCC to discuss various Metro capital projects.

Managing the Capital Budget

Metro has recently established an internal Capital Program Advisory

Committee to give guidance to staff during the development of the annual
capital budget. In September 2006, Metro presented a framework for managing
the capital improvement program to the Board of Directors that will:

- Reduce the funding shortfall identified within the capital program.
- Meet critical safety needs and all legal mandates.
- Keep existing customers by improving reliability and service.
- Develop projects to attract and accommodate new customers.
- Reinvest in infrastructure to reduce future costs.





Reimbursable Projects



Reimbursable projects are unique services, programs or projects for which separate funding has been arranged. The following are descriptions of several reimbursable projects budgeted for FY 2008. A full list is provided in the Appendix.

- Dulles Corridor Metrorail Project (\$273 million): Metro has entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority (MWAA) to provide \$273 million to Metro for the procurement of rail cars and continued technical assistance for phase 1 of the Dulles Corridor Metrorail project. This project is contingent upon the award of a FTA full-funding grant agreement to MWAA.
- Solar Power Equipment Project (\$15 million): includes funds to install solar energy equipment on building rooftops to save energy costs. Metro plans to issue interest-free bonds through the federal government's Clean and Renewable Energy Bonds program.
- DC Circulator (\$7 million): includes funds to support the DC Circulator, a
 District bus service partnership for which Metro serves as the contract
 manager. Costs for managing the contract are fully reimbursed by the District
 of Columbia.
- Access-to-Jobs (\$5 million): includes funds to support improvements to MetroAccess such as additional vehicles, improved customer communications, increased staff and door-to-door service. Funds will come from a federal accessto-jobs grant program.
- Metrorail Yellow Line Service Extension (\$3 million): includes funds to extend Metrorail service on the Yellow Line from Mt. Vernon Square to Fort Totten during off-peak weekday hours and weekends. Costs will be reimbursed by the District of Columbia.
- Elimination of Metrorail Turnbacks at Grosvenor Station (\$2 million): includes funds to eliminate turnbacks at Grosvenor on the Red Line during off-peak weekday hours and weekends. Costs will be reimbursed by the State of Maryland.

Summary of State/Local Support

Metro receives both operating and capital support from the states and jurisdictions that participate in its Interstate Compact agreement.

District of Columbia

Funds are appropriated each year by the District of Columbia City Council.

Maryland

Each year, the Maryland General Assembly appropriates funds from the Maryland Department of Transportation's Transportation Trust Fund (TTF). Most of the TTF revenue comes from motor fuel tax receipts, titling tax receipts, vehicle registration fees, and the corporate income tax.

Virginia

Five jurisdictions in Virginia support Metro: Arlington County, the City of Alexandria, the City of Fairfax, Fairfax County and the City of Falls Church. In Northern Virginia, a two percent sales tax is levied on gasoline sellers and retailers. The Northern Virginia Transportation Commission uses these funds to supplement the Virginia localities' share of Metro operating budget support.

SUMMARY OF STATE/LOCAL SUPPORT

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	Operating Budget (\$ in millions)	Capital Budget (\$ in millions)
	FY 08	FY 08
District of Columbia	\$201.6	\$60.4
Maryland	\$199.4	\$59.1
Virginia		
City of Alexandria	\$21.6	\$7.3
Arlington County	36.5	14.3
City of Fairfax	1.0	0.3
Fairfax County	65.6	22.9
City of Falls Church	1.6	0.5
SUBTOTAL	\$126.3	\$45.3
TOTAL	\$527.3	\$164.8

Notes: Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding. Operating support includes \$27.5 million in debt service.



Contacting Metro



By mail or in person

Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority 600 Fifth Street, NW Washington, DC 20001

Take the Red, Green or Yellow line to Gallery Pl-Chinatown station. Use the Arena exit. Walk two blocks east on F Street to Metro headquarters (Jackson Graham Building). Or ride Metrobus routes D1, D3, D6, P6, 70, 71, 80 or X2.

By Internet

Visit <u>MetroOpensDoors.com</u> or email Customer Assistance at <u>csvc@wmata.com</u>

By telephone

Metro general information: 202-962-1234 Administrative offices and general information Weekdays: 8:30 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.

Customer assistance: 202-637-1328

Suggestions, commendations and comments

Customer information: 202-637-7000 (TTY 202-638-3780) Metrobus and Metrorail schedules, fares, parking and more

Metrorail line managers

Contact Metrorail line managers with questions or concerns on their respective lines.

Red Line Manager Belynda Jones redline@wmata.com or 301-562-4605

Blue/Orange Line Manager Charles Dziduch blue-orangeline@wmata.com or 301-562-4606

Yellow/Green Line Manager Rita Davis yellow-greenline@wmata.com or 301-562-4607

MetroAccess

301-562-5360 (TTY 301-588-7535) or 800-523-7009 (toll-free) MetroAccess Paratransit Service

Transit Police

202-962-2121

Operating Budget Appendix

SUMMARY C)F C			EVENUE, E LARS IN MI			3810	Y & RIDE	RSH	IP
		Actual FY2005		Actual FY2006		Actual FY2007		Approved Budget FY2008	F	Change Y2007 vs. FY2008
Operating Revenue										
Metrorail	\$	439.7	\$	477.4	\$	487.3	\$	505.1	\$	17.8
Metrobus		128.7		136.2		139.6		145.4		5.8
MetroAccess	_	2.8	_	3.2	_	3.0	_	3.4	_	0.4
Total Revenue	\$	571.3	\$	616.8	\$	629.8	\$	653.9	\$	24.1
Operating Expense										
Metrorail	\$	545.0	\$	597.6	\$	633.7	\$	638.2	\$	4.4
Metrobus		369.4		398.8		419.2		452.8		33.6
MetroAccess		42.3		52.3		57.8		62.8		5.0
Total Expense	\$	956.7	\$	1,048.7	\$	1,110.7	\$	1,153.8	\$	43.1
Operating Subsidy	\$	385.4	\$	431.9	\$	480.9	\$	499.8	\$	19.0
Cost Recovery Ratios										
Metrorail		81%		80%		77%		79%		
Metrobus		35%		34%		33%		32%		
MetroAccess		7%		6%		5%		5%		
System Total		60%		59%		57%		57%		
Ridership (in millions)										
Metrorail		195.2		205.6		207.9		210.0		
Metrobus		126.8		131.1		131.5		133.9		
MetroAccess		1.3		1.4		1.5		1.6		
System Total		323.2		338.1		340.9		345.5		

		Ор		g Budget Li LARS IN MILLI		ms				
		Actual FY2005		Actual FY2006		Actual FY2007	,	Approved Budget FY2008	F	Change Y2007 vs. FY2008
a										
Operating Revenue	\$	476.0	\$	E0E 4	s	512.4	\$	534.3	s	21.9
Passenger	Þ	476.8	Þ	505.4	ð	4.6	Þ	5.0	Þ	0.4
DC Schools		4.3		4.7		39.2		40.0		0.4
Parking Employee Parking		35.7		38.6		39.2 0.1		40.0 0.2		0.8
Employee Parking		0.2		0.1				-		
Charter		2.1		2.0		1.7 33.0		2.0 38.0		0.3
Advertising		29.0		30.0		10.5		7.2		5.0
Joint Development		7.6		7.8				9.8		(3.26)
Fiber Optics		8.9		9.3		10.3 4.5				(0.49)
Interest Other		1.8		3.2				4.6		(0.73)
Total Revenue	\$	4.9 571.3	\$	15.6 616.8	S	13.4 629.8	\$	12.8 653.9	\$	0.2 24.1
Total Revenue	Þ	5/1.3	3	610.8	9	629.6	Þ	653.9	9	24.1
Operating Expense										
Personnel	\$	723.5	\$	780.3	s	832.0	\$	882.4	s	50.4
Services	ą	86.4	φ	101.7	ð	106.3	φ	125.0	ş	18.7
Supplies		67.8		70.9		67.9		73.1		5.2
Fuel & Power		56.5		68.8		73.7		77.3		3.6
Utilities		28.2		30.9		73.7 32.1		77.3 37.4		
		28.2 9.1		10.9				18.0		5.3
Casualty & Liability Leases & Rentals		9.1 4.8		10.9 4.6		12.7		18.0 5.6		5.3
						6.0				(0.3)
Miscellaneous		3.8		4.7		4.1		4.8		0.0
*Reimbursements	\$	-23.5	\$	-24.2	S	-24.1	\$	-69.8	\$	-45.7
Total Expenses	Þ	956.7	Þ	1,048.7	Þ	1,110.7	Þ	1,153.8	\$	43.1
Operating Subsidy	\$	385.4	\$	431.9	\$	480.9	\$	499.8	\$	19.0
Cost Recovery Ratio		60%		59%		57%		57%		
* Line item includes one t	ime ben	efit of cons	tructi	on settleme	nt					

FY2008 APPROVED OPERATING BUDGET (DOLLARS IN MILLIONS) Approved Budget FY2008 Metrobus Metrorail MetroAccess Operating Revenue \$ S 422.5 \$ 3.4 Passenger 534.3 108.4 Other Passenger 5.0 2.9 2.1 Parking 40.0 40.0 Charter 2.0 2.0 Advertising 38.0 25.5 12.5 Joint Development 7.2 7.2 Other 12.8 3.6 9.2 **Employee Parking** 0.2 0.1 0.1 Interest 4.6 2.9 1.7 Fiber Optics 9.8 0.0 9.8 **Total Revenue** S 505.1 3.4 653.9 \$ \$ 145.4 Operating Expense Personnel \$ 882.0 \$ 379.6 500.0 2.8 Services 125.0 18.2 46.9 59.9 Materials & Supplies 32.6 40.4 0.1 73.1 Fuel & Propulsion Power 31.6 45.6 77.3 Utilities 37.4 8.1 29.2 0.1 Casualty & Liability 18.0 5.6 12.3 0.0 Leases & Rentals 5.6 1.9 3.2 0.5 Miscellaneous 4.8 1.7 3.1 0.0 *Preventive Maint./Reimb. (69.8)(26.6)(42.6)(0.6)**Total Expense** 1,153.8 452.8 638.1 S 62.8 \$ 307.4 Operating Subsidy 499.8 \$ 133.1 59.4 Cost Recovery Ratio 57% 32% 79% 5% * Line item includes one time benefit of construction settlement

		М		il Operating		get				
		Actual FY2005		Actual FY2006	·	Actual FY2007	,	Approved Budget FY2008	v	Change FY2007 s. FY2008
Operating Revenue										
Passenger	s	373.3	\$	398.5	\$	404.8	s	422.5	\$	17.6
Other Passenger	•	2.1	*	1.4	*	2.0	•	2.1	*	0.2
Parking		35.7		38.6		39.2		40.0		0.8
Charter						0.0				(0.0)
Advertising		8.7		9.0		9.9		12.5		2.6
Joint Development		7.6		7.8		10.5		7.2		(3.3)
Fiber Optics		8.9		9.3		10.3		9.8		(493.6)
Interest		0.8		1.3		0.8		1.7		833.1
Employee Parking		0.1		0.1		0.1		0.1		(35.4)
Other		2.4		11.4		9.7		9.2		(462.2)
Total Revenues	\$	439.7	\$	477.4	\$	487.3	\$	505.1	\$	17.8
Operating Expense										
Personnel	\$	415.1	\$	456.6	\$	486.7	\$	500.0	\$	13.3
Services		31.0		34.7		33.9		46.9		13.0
Materials & Supplies		38.0		40.9		39.6		40.4		8.0
Fuel & Propulsion Power		33.6		35.0		39.4		45.6		6.2
Utilities		21.7		23.2		25.0		29.2		4.2
Casualty & Liability		5.8		7.9		8.9		12.3		3.4
Leases & Rentals		3.0		2.9		3.9		3.1		(0.8)
Miscellaneous		2.1		2.7		2.4		3.2		0.8
*Preventive Maint./Reimb.	_	(5.4)		(6.2)		(6.1)		(42.6)		36.5
Total Expenses	\$	545.0	\$	597.6	\$	633.7	\$	638.1	\$	4.4
Operating Subsidy	\$	105.3	\$	120.2	\$	146.4	\$	133.1	\$	-13.3
Cost Recovery Ratio		81%		80%		77%		79%		
* Line item includes one tim	e be	nefit of cons	structi	on settleme	nt					

		М		us Operating	_	et				
		Actual FY 2005		Actual FY 2006		Actual FY 2007		Approved Budget FY 2008		Change FY2007 s. FY2008
Operating Revenue										
Passenger	\$	100.6	\$	103.9	\$	104.6	\$	108.4	\$	3.8
Other Passenger		2.2		3.4		2.7		2.9		0.2
Parking		-		-		-		-		-
Charter		2.1		2.0		1.7		2.0		0.3
Advertising		20.3		21.0		23.1		25.5		2.4
Other		2.4		4.0		3.7		3.6		(0.1)
Employee Parking		0.1		0.0		0.0		0.1		0.1
Interest		1.0		2.0		3.7		2.9		(0.8)
Total Revenues	\$	128.7	\$	136.2	\$	139.6	\$	145.4	\$	5.8
Operating Expense				***				270.0		270.0
Personnel	\$	307.8	\$	323.2	\$	344.7	\$	379.6	\$	379.6
Services		14.2		15.8		15.8		18.2		18.2
Materials & Supplies		29.8		29.9		28.3		32.6		32.6
Fuel & Propulsion Power		22.9		33.9		34.3		31.6		31.6
Utilities		6.4		7.7		7.0		8.1		8.1
Casualty & Liability		3.3		3.0		3.8		5.6		5.6
Leases & Rentals		1.6		1.3		1.6		1.9		1.9
Miscellaneous		1.6		2.0		1.6		1.7		1.7
*Preventive Maint./Reimb.	_	(18.1)	_	(18.0)	_	(18.0)	_	(26.6)	_	(26.6)
Total Expenses	\$	369.4	\$	398.8	\$	419.2	\$	452.8	\$	33.5
Operating Subsidy	\$	240.7	\$	262.6	\$	279.7	\$	307.4	\$	27.7
Cost Recovery Ratio		35%		34%		33%		32%		
* Line item includes one time	ben	efit of constr	uction	settlement						

	Met	troAcc	ess Operati	na Bud	laet			
	me		LARS IN MILL	-	gor			
	Actual FY2005		Actual FY2006		Actual FY2007	,	Approved Budget FY2008	Change FY2007 s. FY2008
Operating Revenue								
Passenger	\$ 2.8	\$	3.0	\$	2.9	\$	3.4	\$ 0.5
Other	 •		0.3		•		•	 -
Total Revenue	\$ 2.8	\$	3.3	\$	2.9	\$	3.4	\$ 0.5
Operating Expense								
Personnel	\$ 0.7	s	0.5	\$	0.5	\$	2.8	\$ 2.3
Services	41.3		0.1		56.6		59.9	3.3
Materials & Supplies	0.0		0.1		0.1		0.1	0.
Fuel & Propulsion Power	0.0		0.0		0.0			(0.0
Utilities	0.1		0.1		0.1		0.0	(0.1
Casualty & Liability	(0.0)		-		0.0		0.0	0.
Leases & Rentals	0.2		0.5		0.5		0.5	0.
Miscellaneous	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	0.
Preventive Maint./Reimb.	(0.0)		-		-		(633.7)	(633.7
Total Expense	\$ 42.3	\$	52.3	\$	57.8	\$	62.8	\$ 5.
Operating Subsidy	\$ 39.4	\$	49	\$	54.9	\$	59.4	\$ 4.
Cost Recovery Ratio	7%		6%		5%		5%	

Capital Budget Appendix

ı	apital Improvement Program: FY	200	08-2013												
			FY 2008	۱ ا	FY 2009		FY 2010		FY 2011		FY 2012		FY 2013	F	Y 2008-13
CIF	Program Elements	1	Budget	l e	rojection	E	Projection	Е	Projection	E	Projection	E	Projection		Total
				"											
A.	Infrastructure Renewal Program	١.		١.										١.	
	Rolling Stock: Bus	\$	14.11.4	\$	59.974	\$	41.014	\$	37.952	\$	32,676	\$	30.775	\$	251.501
	Rolling Stock: Rail	1	0.339				5.000		3.065		3.686		92.325		104.415
	Passenger Facilities	l	54.305		64.634		58.871		68.997		59.285		52.228		358.320
	Maintenance Facilities	l	42.111		31.526		26.105		60.802		59.106		39.806		259.456
ı	Systems	l	40.120		90.449		88.303		152.084		75.260		61.002		507.218
	 Track and Structures 	l	40.214		44.968		45.479		51.716		44.725		41.597		268.699
	 Information Technology 		22.227		12.450		10.000		10.000		10.000		10.000		74.677
	Preventive Maintenance	\vdash	20.700		20.700		20.700		20.700		20.700		20.700	_	124.200
	Subtotal	\$	269.126	\$	324.701	\$	295.472	\$	405.316	\$	305.438	\$	348.433	\$	1,948.486
В.	Eight-Car Train Capital Initiative														
ı	Rail Cars		85.743		1.413		3.714		2.837		0.239				93.946
	Facilities	l	41.267		6.466										47.733
	Systems	\perp	54.635												54.635
	Subtotal	\$	181.645	\$	7.879	\$	3.714	\$	2.837	\$	0.239	\$	-	\$	196.314
C.	Bus Improvement Capital Initiative														
	Buses		26.500		20.700		34.610								81.810
	Garage	l	16.097		0.103										16.200
ı	 Customer Facilities 	_	5.580		5.360		1.460							_	12.400
	Subtotal	\$	48.177	\$	26.163	\$	36.070	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	110.410
D.	Expansion and Improvement Projects														
	 Southeast Bus Garage Relocation & 	l													
	Metro Transit Police Training Facility	_													
l	Subtotal	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
•	Metro Matters Security Program	_	11.000		11.000									_	22.000
	Subtotal: Capital Projects	\$	509.948	\$	369.743	\$	335.256	\$	408.153	\$	305.677	\$	348.433	\$	2,277.210
E.	Program Management														
	 Program Management & Support 	l	12.884		11.458		8.197		9.002		10.101		26.053		77.695
	 Credit Facility 	l	2.000		2.000		2.000		2.000		2.000		2.000		12.000
	 Financing Expenses 		206.000		97.568		6.000				39.036				348.604
	Debt Service						121.411		75.417		121.348		125.867		444.043
1	Subtotal	\$	220.884	\$	111.026	\$	137.608	\$	86.419	\$	172.485	\$	153.920	\$	882.342
l	Total CIP	s	730.832	s	480.769	s	472,864	s	494.572	s	478,162	s	502.353	s	3,159,552
		_				•		-		•		•			-,

Sources of Funds for Capital Improvement Program: FY 2008-2013

(dollars in millions)

Total	\$	730.832	\$	480.769	\$	472.864	\$	494.572	\$	478.162	\$	502.353	\$	3,159.552
Subtotal: Other Sources	\$	317.774	\$	38.156	\$	6.000	S	40.536	\$	1.500	\$	1.500	\$	405.466
Debt and Related Capital Sources	╙	311.774	_	32.156										343.930
 Misc. Internal CIP Funding Sources 		6.000		6.000		6.000		40.536		1.500		1.500		61.536
Other Sources														
Subtotal: State and Local Funds	\$	164.782	\$	178.661	\$	198.020	\$	200.991	\$	204.006	\$	207.066	\$	1,153.526
Virginia Subtotal	\$	45.311	\$	49.127	\$	54.450	\$	55.268	\$	56.097	\$	56.938	\$	317.191
Falls Church		0.463		0.502		0.556		0.565		0.573		0.582		3.241
Fairfax County		22.900		24.828		27.519		27.932		28.351		28.776		160.306
City of Fairfax		0.319		0.346		0.383		0.389		0.395		0.401		2.233
 Arlington County 		14.321		15.527		17.210		17.468		17.730		17.996		100.252
Alexandria		7.308		7.924		8.782		8.914		9.048		9.183		51.159
Maryland Subtotal	\$	59.120	\$	64.099	\$	71.045	\$	72.110	\$	73.192	\$	74.290	\$	413.856
Prince Georges County		31.040		33.654		37.301		37.860		38.428		39.005		217.288
Montgomery County	Г	28.080		30.445		33.744		34.250		34.764		35.285		196.568
District of Columbia	\$	60.351	\$	65.435	\$	72.525	s	73.613	\$	74.717	\$	75.838	\$	422.479
State and Local Funds:														
Subtotal: Federal Funds	\$	248.276	\$	263.952	\$	268.844	s	253.045	\$	272.656	\$	293.787	\$	1,600.560
Homeland Security Grants		11.000		11.000										22.000
 Federal Discretionary / SAFETEA-LU 		35.000		35.000		34.000								104.000
Subtotal - Fed. Formula Grants	\$	202.276	\$	217.952	\$	234.844	\$	253.045	\$	272.656	\$	293.787	\$	1,474.560
- Section 5309 Federal Grant	ľ	81.761	ĺ	88.097		94.925		102.282		110.209		118.750		596.024
- Section 5307 Federal Grant	s	120.515	s	129.855	\$	139.919	s	150.763	s	162.447	\$	175.037	\$	878.536
Federal Formula Grant Funds:														
Federal Funds:		Budget	F	rojection	<u> </u>	rojection	<u> </u>	rojection	-	rojection	-	rojection		Total
	1 '									FY 2012		FY 2013	-	
	\Box	FY 2008	Ι,	FY 2009		Y 2010		FY 2011		24.0040		-W 0040	_ ا	Y 2008-13

Reimbursable Projects Appendix

Summary of Reimbursable Project Expenses by Sponso	r 	
	Fiscal 2008	
B1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	Approved	Source of Funds
District of Columbia		
District of Columbia Government		Land and subside and account force
D.C. Bus Circulator D.C. Bus Circulator	\$ 6,588,800	Local govt, subsidy and passenger fares
D.C. Bus Circulator Expansion Cooperio Avenue Regid Bus (Matro Entre Route 70)	264,000	Local govt, subsidy and passenger fares
Georgia Avenue Rapid Bus (Metro Extra Route 79) South and Stuttle Rus Project	1,435,400	Local govt. subsidy and passenger fares
Southeast Shuttle Bus Project Transportation Technology School	256,300	Local government subsidy
Transportation Technology School	318,000	Local government subsidy
Metrorail Yellow Line Service Extension to Fort Tetter Station	3,159,000	Local assumment subside
Totten Station Subtotal	\$ 12,021,500	Local government subsidy
Maryland	\$ 12,021,500	
Maryland Department of Transportation (MDOT)		
Charles County Bus Service: Indian Head Express		
Line (Metrobus Route W19)	1,193,200	State govt. subsidy and passenger fares
College Park-Bethesda (Metrobus Route J4)	727,500	State govt, subsidy and passenger fares
Crofton-New Carrollton Service (Metrobus Route B31)	300,500	State govt. subsidy and passenger fares
Greenbelt-BWI Airport (Metrobus Route B30)	1,689,300	State govt. subsidy and passenger fares
Metrorail Red Line Turnbacks at Grosvenor Station	1,538,000	State government subsidy
Subtotal	\$ 5,448,500	case government easiery
Virginia	.,	
Arlington County		
Maintenance of Pike Ride Signals	2,900	Local government subsidy
City of Falls Church		
 Falls Church Bus Service (George, Routes 26-A, E, W) 	373,000	Local govt. subsidy and passenger fares
Fairfax County		
 Springfield Bus Circulator & Shuttle Service (S-80, S-91) 	786,400	Local govt. subsidy and passenger fares
Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority		
Dulles Corridor Metrorail Project	272,850,000	Contingent upon federal grant agreement
Subtotal	\$ 274,012,300	
Federal Government		
U.S. Department of Transportation		
 Access-to-Jobs Grant Program 	5,100,000	Federal grant
WMATA and All Jurisdictional Partners		
 Project Development 	3,000,000	State and local government contributions
Solar Power Equipment Project	14,670,000	Clean Renewable Energy bonds
Subtotal	\$ 17,670,000	
Total	\$ 314,252,300	