

Pension Subcommittee of the

Finance Committee

Information Item III-A.2

April 14, 2016

Pension Plan Overview



WMATA
Pension 101 – "What did my actuary say?"

April 14, 2016



Agenda

- Actuarial Concepts and Terminology
- Plan Highlights
- Key Factors Impacting Contributions







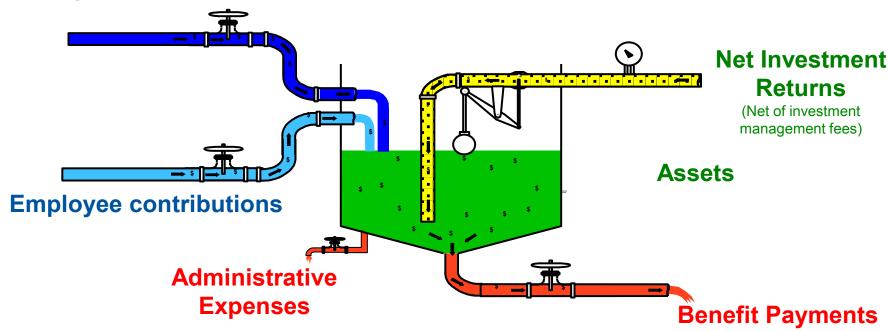
Actuarial Concepts and Terminology



The "Big Picture" - *Ultimate Plan Cost*

Contributions + Investment Return = Benefits + Expenses

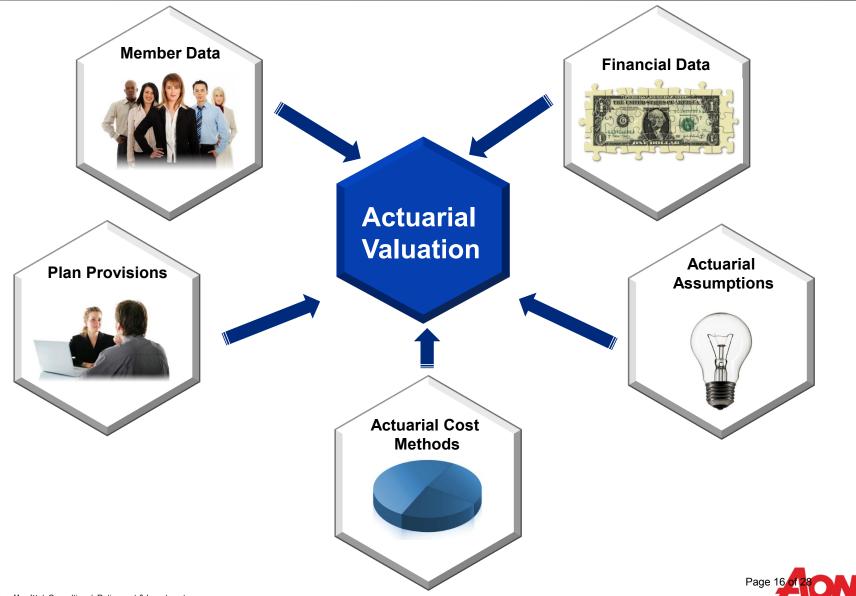
Employer contributions



Assumptions and funding methods affect only the <u>timing</u> of costs. "Nobody ever made a benefit payment from assumed interest!"



Actuarial Valuation Process



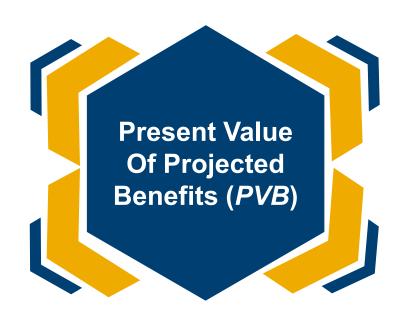
Empower Results®

Present Value of Benefits (PVB)

The **Present Value of Projected Benefits** (*PVB*) is the total projected liability or "promise" for all participants, assuming all assumptions are met.

Participant data (age, service, pay, etc.)

Plan Provisions (i.e. contract terms)



Economic Assumptions(Discount rate,
Salary Growth,
COLA, etc.)

Demographic Assumptions (Retirement, Turnover, Death and Disability)

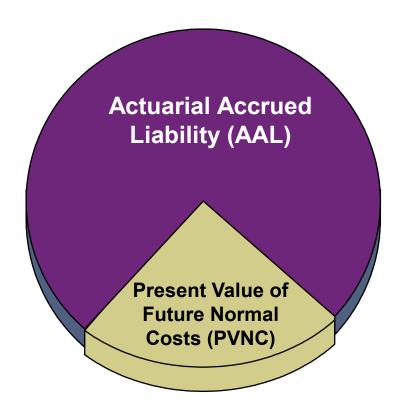


Actuarial Cost Methods

The Actuarial Cost Method is a mechanism to allocate the present value of projected benefits (PVB) to time periods (i.e. benefits related to past service vs. future service).

- The Present Value of Future Normal Cost (PVNC) is the portion of the present value of projected benefits (PVB) attributable to future service.
- The Actuarial Accrued
 Liability (AAL) is the portion of present value of projected benefits (PVB) attributable to past service.

PRESENT VALUE OF PROJECTED BENEFITS = AAL + PVNC

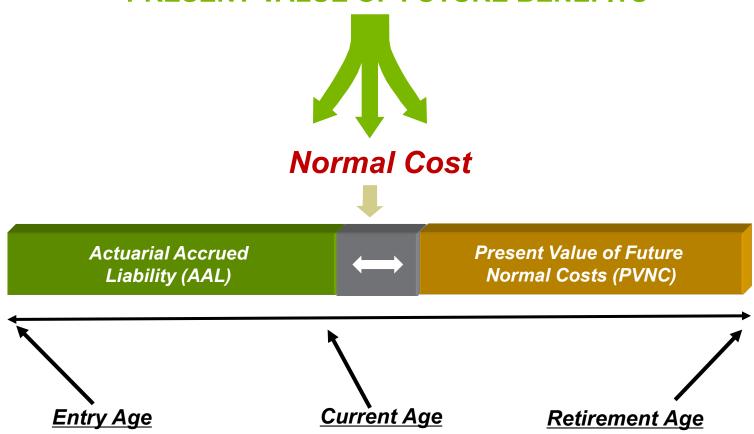




Normal Cost

The **Normal Cost** is the upcoming year's portion of the Present Value of Future Normal Cost (PVNC) and represents the **cost attributable to benefits accruing during upcoming year.**

PRESENT VALUE OF FUTURE BENEFITS





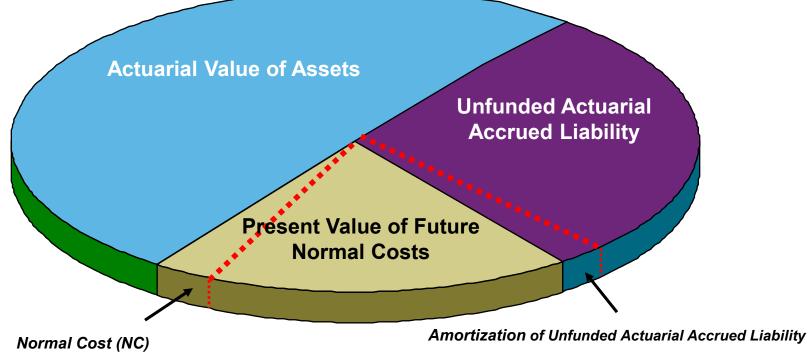
Actuarially Determined Employer Contribution

Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADEC) = Normal Cost (NC) + Amortization (i.e., payment toward Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL))

Normal Cost (NC) = Cost attributable to benefits accruing during upcoming year

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) = Assets – Actuarial Accrued Liability

(AAL)







Plan Highlights

Summary of Key Pension Plan Results (\$ in millions)

		Local 689	R	Non ep/639*		Transit Police (FOP)	Lo	cal 922	L	ocal 2*		Total
Valuation Date	1.	/1/2015	7	/1/2015	1	/1/2015	1	/1/2015	7/	/1/2015		N/A
Total Headcount	14,852		1,821		737		683		445			18,538
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)												
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$	3,293	\$	526	\$	232	\$	198	\$	170	\$	4,419
Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	\$	2,506	\$	376	\$	177	\$	181	\$	145	\$	3,385
Unfunded AAL	\$	787	\$	150	\$	55	\$	17	\$	25	\$	1,034
Funded Ratio		76.1%		71.4%		76.3%		91.4%		85.3%		76.6%
Actuarially Determined Employer Contribution (ADEC)												
Net Normal Cost (offset by Expected Employee Contributions)	\$	83.1	\$	2.1	\$	8.7	\$	4.0	\$	0.7	\$	98.6
Payment to Amortize Unfunded AAL	\$	40.8	\$	17.8		N/A	\$	1.6	\$	4.1	\$	64.3
Total ADEC	\$	123.9	\$	19.9	\$	8.7	\$	5.6	\$	4.8	\$	162.9
As % of Payroll		16.6%		85.4%		23.8%		18.5%		53.3%		N/A Page 22 of 28

Summary of Key Pension Plan Results

	Local 689	Non Rep/639	Transit Police (FOP)	Local 922	Local 2	Weighted Average
Cost Method	Aggregate	Entry Age Normal	Aggregate	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	N/A
Asset Valuation Method	5 year smoothing	5 year smoothing	10 year smoothing	3 year smoothing	5 year smoothing	N/A
Valuation Interest Rate	7.85%	7.00%	7.50%	7.00%	7.50%	7.68%
Salary Increase	3.00% for Base Pay	Varies by years (0-20) of service: 6.3%-3.0%	Varies by age: 6.00% - 3.00%	4.50%	Varies by years (0-20) of service: 6.3%-3.0%	N/A
COLA	3.00%	2.50%	2.50%	4.00%	2.5%	2.94%
Mortality	RP-2000 Projected to 2015 based on Scale AA	RP-2000 Fully Generation al based on Scale AA	RP-2000 Fully Generation al based on Scale AA	RP-2000 Fully Generation al based on Scale AA	RP-2000 Fully Generational based on Scale AA	N/A

^{*}Used information from 7/1/2015 actuarial results presentation where available. Remaining information (e.g. assumptions, methods, and normal cost) based on 7/1/2014 Actuarial Report.





Key Factors Impacting Contributions



Key Risk Factors Impacting Contributions

Discount Rate (or Assumed Rate of Return)

- Average public plan discount rate is about 7.6% according to most recent NASRA survey
- WMATA's plans average discount rate is 7.7% or about 0.1% higher than average. However, Local 689 rate is 0.25% higher.
- If WMATA lowered Local 689 discount rate to the peer average, it would lower it's funded % by about 2.5% and increase its annual cost by about \$15 million
- Based on Local 689's portfolio and our capital market assumptions, we expect the plan to earn 6.8% over the next 30 years.

Mortality Table

- The Society of Actuaries released a new base mortality table (RP-2014) and longevity improvement scale (MP-2014) in October 2014 for private plans.
 - An updated longevity improvement scale (MP-2015) was released in October 2015
- Public Plans use the older mortality tables but using mortality improvement scale. The SOA is currently undergoing a study of public pension mortality and will be releasing an updated table.
 - Local 689 is only plan reflecting limited future mortality improvement

Asset Investment

- Market volatility would impact funding contributions
 - Partially mitigated by use of smoothing period for investment (gains)/losses
- Consider duration of fixed income securities
 - Long duration bonds would mitigate volatility





Questions?

