

QUALITY SERVICE

MY TRIP TIME - RAIL

■ Target ≥ 88% on-time

BUS ON-TIME PERFORMANCE

arrived on-time

Target ≥ 79% on-time

METROACCESS ON-TIME PERFORMANCE

Target ≥ 92% on-time

SAFETY & SECURITY

RED SIGNAL OVERRUNS



red signal

FYTD Prior Year 10

BUS COLLISIONS

602 collisions per million miles

• FYTD Prior Year 59.8

PART I CRIME

639 4.4 per million

FYTD Target ≤ 875 Part I Crimes



FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

RIDERSHIP -



BUDGET MANAGEMENT



CAPITAL FUNDS INVESTED



145.2 million passengers

Budget Forecast 149.5 million passengers

• Target 0 to 2% favorable

budget invested

FYTD Forecast ≥ 46%



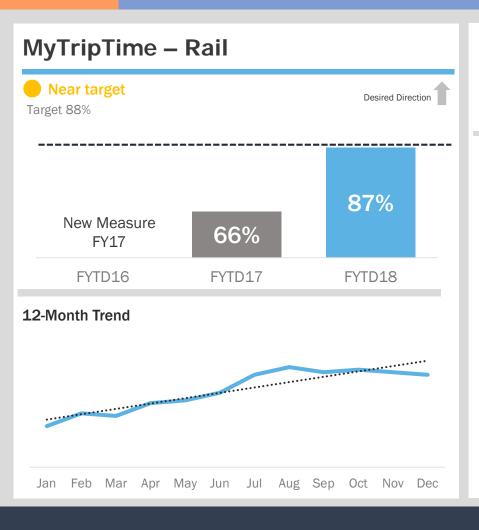
Quality Service & Security Focus 🚇



Service reliability improving and crime best in a decade



MyTripTime – Rail Customer On-Time Performance



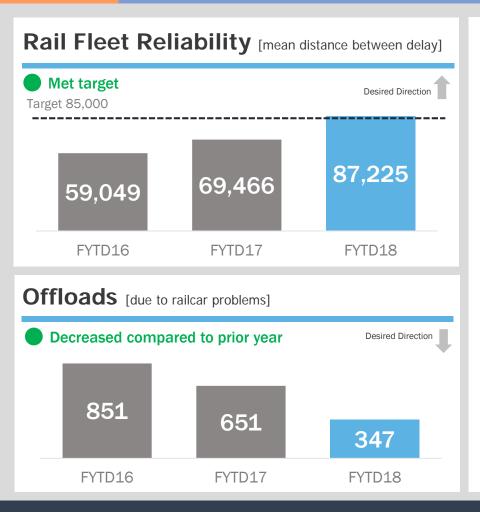
OTP improved thanks to fewer railcar delays and fewer extended maintenance disruptions

- Aggressive rail infrastructure renewal, inspection and preventive maintenance program
- Acceptance of 7K trains
- Begin retirement of 5000 series fleet CY2018
- Repair escalators, elevators and fare gates





Rail Fleet Reliability



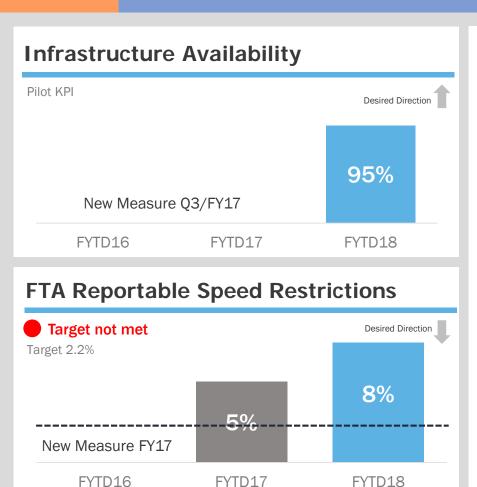
Reliability surpassed target, reaching eight-year high

- Acceptance of 7K trains
- Continue to adjust inspection schedules and procedures for legacy fleet
- Begin retirement of 5000 series fleet CY2018



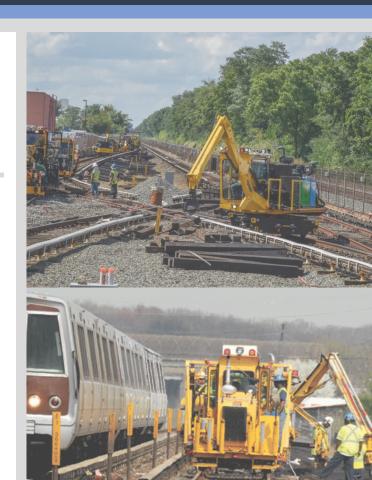


Rail Infrastructure



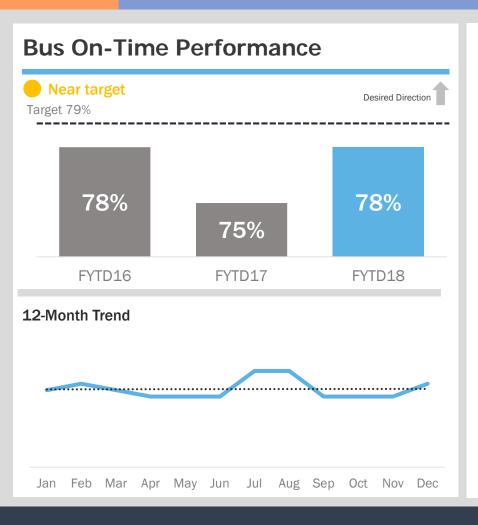
Speed restrictions in downtown core and related to fall weather reduced availability but had limited impact on OTP

- Preventive maintenance and capital programs
- Expand pilot waterproofing technique in Red Line tunnels
- Track inspections to identify and fix degraded conditions





Bus On-Time Performance



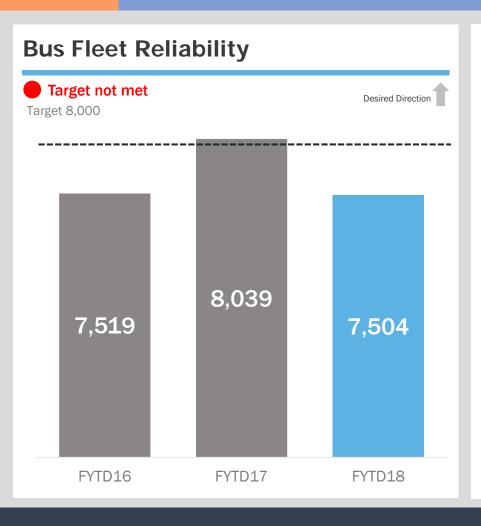
OTP improved across all days of the week and all service periods

- Actively manage headway routes through dedicated field supervisors and control center specialists
- Implement technology upgrades for real-time tracking of buses
- Utilize articulated and strategic buses on high-frequency routes to reduce crowding and improve reliability
- Continue to implement schedule adjustments on low-performing routes





Bus Fleet Reliability



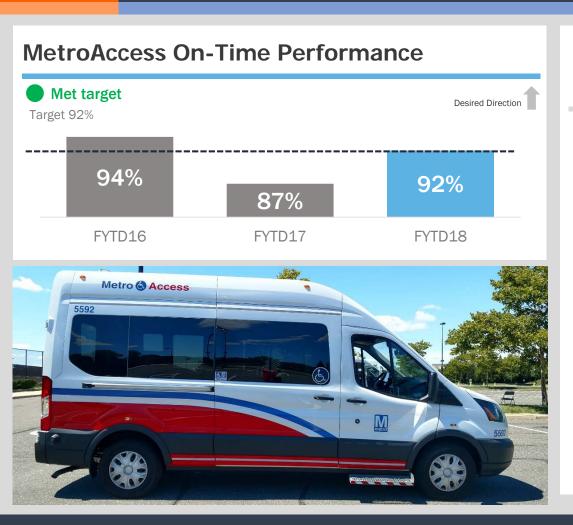
Impacted by increased use of older, less reliable buses due to out of service 8000-series buses

- Return 8000-series buses to service
- Work with manufacturer on developing alternative coolant level sensor
- Continue evaluation of new products and adjust preventive maintenance cycles
- Midlife overhaul and preventive maintenance programs
- Sustain bus procurements





MetroAccess On-Time Performance

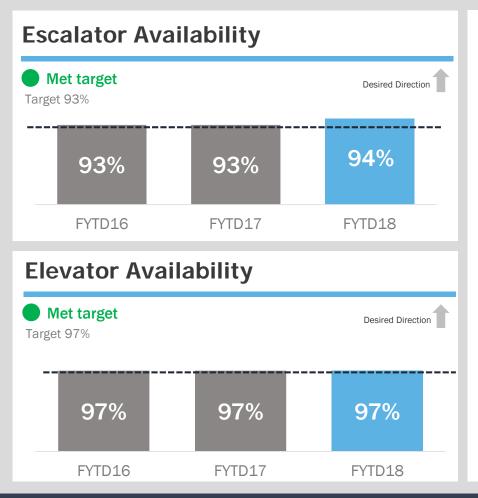


OTP met target

- Abilities-Ride program has ramped up incrementally and is on track for expanded promotion and growth in 2018
- Overall, staffing levels remain adequate



Escalator & Elevator Availability



Both met target with escalator availability surpassing target

- Continue aggressive replacement and rehab efforts
- Continue updating preventive maintenance procedures tailored to each escalator/elevator model
- Establish contract with manufacturer for escalator steps to ensure steady supply





3.9

FYTD16

Crime



3.9

FYTD17

3.1

FYTD18

The Part I crime rate decreased 19% compared to last year, best in a decade

- Continue investment in closed circuit television (CCTV) and real-time monitoring
- Adjust tactics and officer deployments based on crime data analysis
- Sustain fare evasion initiative





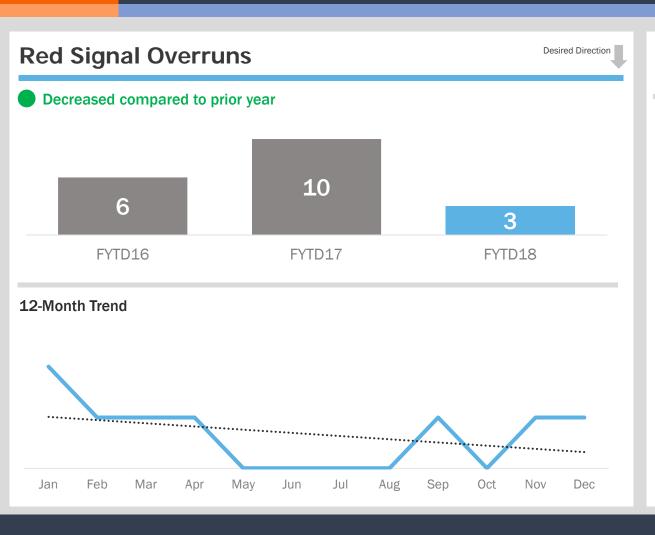
Safety Focus (9)



Rail improving, bus an area of focus



Red Signal Overruns

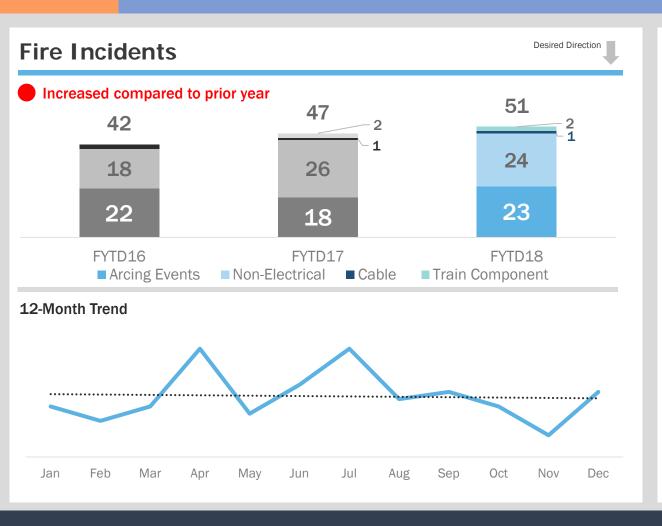


70% decrease in Red Signal Overruns

- Sign maintenance (cleaning, replacement)
- Yard safety briefing on each shift by Interlocking Operator
- Signal Head upgrades (LEDs/Lenses/Name Plates)
- "Stop and Proceed Operating Mode" solution
- Right-side signal configuration
- Diverging route signal consistency
- Line familiarization training for train and equipment operators
- Improved communications for Roadway Maintenance Machines (headsets)



Fire Incidents



Increase in fire incidents driven by high rainfall in July, which led to a spike in arcing insulators; no arcing insulators in November or December

- Tunnel leak mitigation project
- Expanded cleaning programs
- Replaced insulators
- Additional inspections (e.g., stray current testing)
- Completed Cable Connector Refurbishment on mainline
- Completed cable securement project in all tunnel sections



Rail Collisions

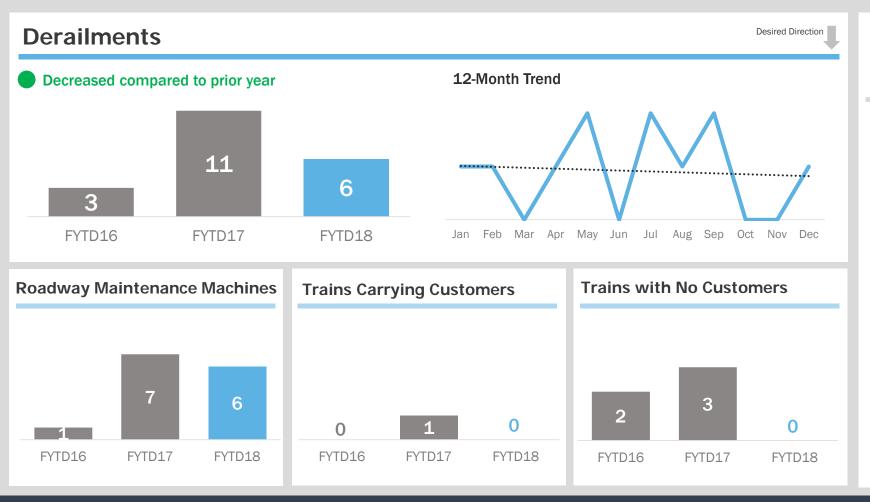


Four total collisions since July; one in the last three months of 2018

- Operator training on safe train movement in yard
- Efficiency testing
 - Speed compliance
 - Yard safety stops
 - Shop/yard moves
- Improved Roadway Maintenance Machine communication procedures
- Revitalized Line familiarization training for Train and Equipment Operators
- Deployed new training program for Flagman and any personnel who may perform this task (e.g. Equipment Operators, Track Repairers)



Derailments

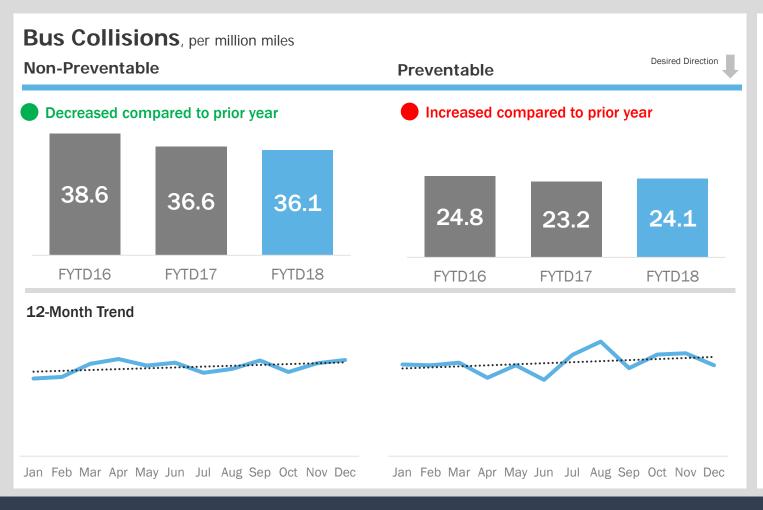


45% reduction in derailments compared to FYTD 2017

- Hi-rail vehicle inspection and approval process
- Associated FTA/TOC CAP closed
- Tie scanning
- Base of rail scanning
- Lateral load testing
- HD Cameras



Bus Collisions



Bus Collision Rate increased slightly compared to FYTD 2017

- Line observations by BTRA and SAFE personnel
- Deceleration light and strobe installation
- Mirror adjustments/lowering
- Additional ride-alongs by supervision
- Review of collision reports and data analysis



Bus Pedestrian Strikes



22% decrease compared to FYTD 2017

- Front strobe/marker light installation
- Line observations by BTRA and SAFE personnel
- Ride-alongs by supervisory staff
- Review of DriveCam Incidents
- Mirror lowering/adjustment
- Electronic messaging at the Divisions to reinforce safe operations



Rail Customer Injuries



8% decrease compared to FYTD 2017

- Improved lighting at stations and on platforms
- Continued installation of optimal boarding location signage for ADA
- Installation of platform cameras at Train Operator's position at Silver Spring and Brookland-CUA stations to assist with platform observations
- Automated escalator announcements pilot implemented with additional location planned



Bus Customer Injuries



Primary cause of bus customer injuries continues to be motor vehicle collisions

- 8000-series hazard mitigation campaign
- Line observations by BTRA and SAFE personnel
- Deceleration strobe installation
- Emphasis on proper approach angle and berthing position at bus stops
- Installation of on-board video monitors on all new buses



MetroAccess Customer Injuries



31% decrease in customer injuries compared to FYTD 2017

- Operator training
- Occupational therapist
- Acquisition of new vehicles with improved design
- Vehicle modifications based on customer feedback



Rail Employee Injuries



Rail employee injury rate decreased compared FYTD 2017

- Job Hazard Analyses (45 in review)
- Increased observation and SAFE support during overnight maintenance
- Personal Protective Equipment
 - Electrical Protection Mats
 - Helmets



Bus Employee Injuries



Bus employee injury rate increased compared to FYTD 2017

- MTPD partnering with Bus to support late night service
- APTA Peer Review
- Job Hazard Analyses for Bus Maintenance activities
- Assault Prevention Actions
 - Operator Shield installation
 - Scenario-based training for operators
 - Operator Humanizing Campaign
 - Automated Fare Announcement



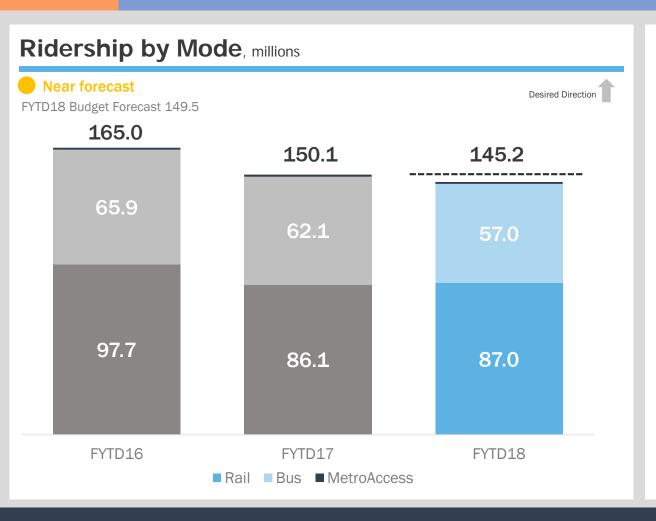
Fiscal Responsibility Focus (§)



Balancing budget through expense management, as ridership and fare revenues lower than projected



Ridership

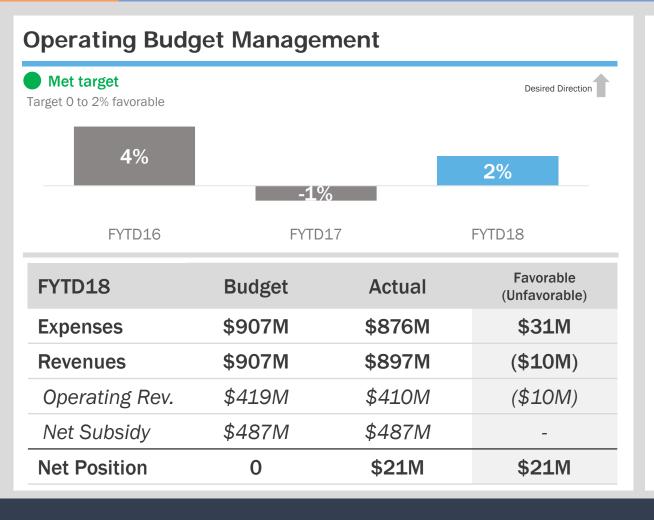


Rail ridership has stabilized; Bus ridership has continued to decline, in part driven by the fare increase

- Sustain improvements in bus and rail on-time performance
- Promote monthly SelectPass and weekly bus pass products and encourage more customers to register SmarTrip® cards and use online offerings such as auto-reload
- Launch Rush Hour Promise, crediting riders experiencing delays of 15 minutes or more during rush hour periods
- Strengthen SmartBenefits and regional employer relationships



Operating Budget Management

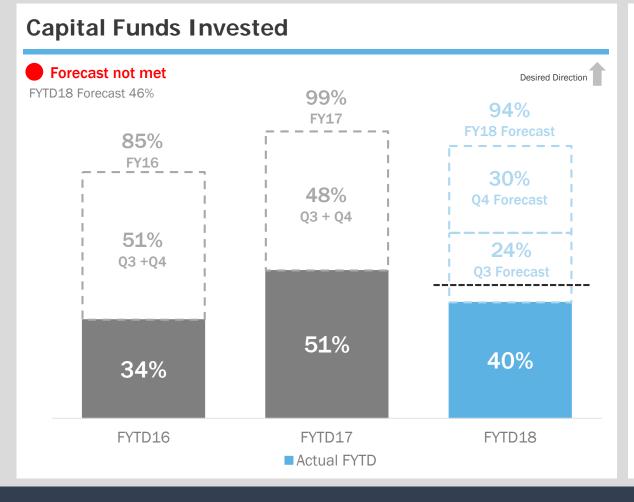


Below budget expenses exceeded revenue shortfalls, resulting in projected balanced budget

- Expenses were under budget by \$31 million, primarily due to vacant positions and lower spending on services
- Revenue was below budget by \$10 million, primarily due to ridership below forecast
- The net operating position is \$21 million favorable year-to-date; the year-end forecast projects a balanced budget with a \$5 million favorable position (0.2%)



Capital Funds Invested



40% of capital funds invested FYTD; forecasted pace of investment to increase in Q3 and Q4

Railcar

Continued delivery of 7000 series railcars

Rail Systems

Radio and cell service projects

Track & Structure

Red Line Water Mitigation Pilot

Station & Passenger Facilities

- Station Lighting program
- Replaced escalators and rehabilitated elevators

Bus & Paratransit

- Rehabilitated buses; delayed delivery of new buses
- Building new Andrews Federal Center bus garage



KPI: METRORAIL	CUSTOMER	ON-TIME PE	RFORMANC	E [TARGET 8	8%]								
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016							70%	72%	78%	80%	69%	71%	N/A
FY 2017	71%	69%	64%	65%	61%	63%	66%	71%	70%	75%	76%	79%	66%
FY 2018	86%	89%	87%	88%	87%	86%							87%

KPI: METRORAIL	. CUSTOMER	ON-TIME PE	RFORMANC	E BY LINE									
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
Red Line	87%	88%	89%	88%	84%	80%							86%
Blue Line	82%	87%	81%	84%	85%	86%							84%
Orange Line	83%	87%	79%	86%	85%	87%							84%
Green Line	92%	93%	94%	94%	92%	95%							93%
Yellow Line	85%	92%	91%	90%	88%	91%							89%
Silver Line	82%	88%	81%	86%	86%	88%							85%

KPI: METRORAIL	CUSTOMER	ON-TIME PE	RFORMANC	E BY TIME PE	RIOD								
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
AM Rush (5AM-9:30AM)	87%	92%	90%	91%	88%	86%							89%
Mid-day (9:30AM-3PM)	90%	90%	89%	90%	89%	88%							89%
PM Rush (3PM-7PM)	89%	88%	87%	90%	88%	87%							88%
Evening (7PM-9:30PM)	92%	92%	93%	92%	92%	92%							92%
Late Night (9:30PM-12AM)	90%	92%	93%	89%	88%	90%							90%
Weekend	72%	79%	77%	76%	72%	81%							76%

KPI: RAIL INFR	ASTRUCTURE A	AVAILABILIT'	Y [PILOT KPI]									
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2017							98%	97%	96%	96%	96%	95%	N/A
FY 2018	98%	95%	94%	95%	93%	94%							95%
KPI: FTA REPOR	TABLE SPEED	RESTRICTIO	NS [TARGET	2.2%]									
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2017	3%	2%	4%	6%	6%	6%	1%	0%	4%	2%	2%	5%	5%
FY 2018	0%	3%	10%	10%	12%	14%							8%
TRAIN ON-TIM	E PERFORMAN	NCE (HEADW	/AY ADHERE	NCE) [TARG	ET 9 1%]								
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016	84%	83%	79%	76%	80%	82%	78%	82%	86%	87%	80%	80%	81%
FY 2017	78%	76%	78%	80%	74%	76%	76%	82%	80%	84%	83%	82%	77%
FY 2018	90%	92%	89%	92%	89%	88%							90%
TRAIN ON-TIM	E PERFORMAN	NCE BY LINE	(HEADWAY	ADHERENCE	·)								
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
Red Line	91%	92%	92%	93%	87%	81%							90%
Blue Line	86%	89%	85%	89%	88%	88%							88%
Orange Line	89%	90%	87%	90%	90%	90%							89%
Green Line	93%	95%	96%	96%	94%	95%							95%
Yellow Line	91%	94%	93%	94%	93%	93%							93%
Silver Line	88%	91%	86%	89%	89%	89%							89%

TRAIN ON-TIM	NE PERFORMAN	ICE BY TIME	PERIOD (HE	ADWAY ADI	HERENCE)								
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
AM Rush	85%	89%	86%	89%	85%	84%							86%
Mid-day	94%	95%	93%	95%	94%	92%							94%
PM Rush	88%	89%	87%	90%	88%	86%							88%
Evening	94%	93%	96%	91%	90%	94%							93%

RAIL FLEET RELIA	BILITY (RAIL	MEAN DIST	ANCE BETWE	EN DELAYS)	[TARGET 85	,000 MILES]							
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016	56,446	59,196	60,872	65,900	63,564	51,599	39,657	47,239	59,131	80,943	81,278	85,389	59,049
FY 2017	55,850	73,246	65,416	86,174	66,697	76,244	79,105	85,489	80,348	118,958	101,585	104,461	69,466
FY 2018	92,927	83,133	83,890	99,876	80,687	85,310							87,225

RAIL FLEET RELIA	BILITY (RAIL	. MEAN DIST	ANCE BETWE	EN DELAYS I	BY RAILCAR	SERIES)							
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
2000/3000 series	115,528	69,136	108,413	85,808	67,832	67,537							82,371
5000 series	43,257	48,454	38,808	51,192	67,836	48,036							48,230
6000 series	75,405	132,930	102,604	73,596	92,913	77,281							88,645
7000 series	147,371	116,557	87,191	199,484	95,131	134,596							121,689

RAIL FLEET RELIA	BILITY (RAIL	MEAN DIST	ANCE BETWI	EEN FAILURE	TARGET 7,	500 MILES]							
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016	4,576	4,802	4,738	5,326	4,970	5,693	5,020	4,813	5,336	5,307	5,596	5,259	4,994
FY 2017	4,333	4,606	5,538	6,321	6,355	6,819	6,787	7,723	6,878	7,902	8,425	8,215	5,502
FY 2018	7,438	8,218	9,666	10,437	10,376	10,496							9,271

RAIL FLEET RELIA	BILITY (RAIL	. MEAN DIST	ANCE BETWE	EN FAILURE	BY RAILCAR	SERIES)							
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
2000/3000 series	8,169	7,731	10,325	9,453	9,912	8,903							8,965
5000 series	2,809	3,230	3,234	4,143	5,088	4,367							3,609
6000 series	8,062	12,085	11,954	8,873	9,369	8,587							9,606
7000 series	14,936	16,229	17,315	21,527	16,925	20,366							17,828

TRAINS IN SERV	/ICE [TARGET	98%]											
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2017			94%	96%	92%	99%	94%	98%	97%	97%	96%	97%	95%
FY 2018	98%	98%	98%	100%	98%	98%							99%

RAIL LOADING [OPTIMAL PAS	SSENGERS PER	CAR (PPC) OF	100, WITH M	INIMUM OF 8	O AND MAXI	MUM OF 120	PPC]		
AM Rush Max Load Points		Jul-16	Aug-16	Sep-16	Oct-16	Jul- 17	Aug-17	Sep-17	Oct-17
Gallery Place	– Red -	117	82	88	88	96	91	110	104
Dupont Circle	Kea	118	81	91	87	95	85	93	93
Pentagon		72	93	94	86	77	72	77	86
Rosslyn	Blue	81	85	100	85	69	60	63	68
L'Enfant Plaza		60	57	63	68	49	44	52	44
Court House	0	102	85	96	81	82	74	97	101
L'Enfant Plaza	- Orange	66	64	69	68	75	74	63	76
Pentagon	Yellow	78	65	82	84	117	124	117	126
Waterfront	C == ==	74	86	90	93	98	90	100	94
Shaw-Howard	- Green	76	67	76	76	118	113	109	119
Rosslyn	C·I	101	70	105	90	96	94	98	104
L'Enfant Plaza	– Silver -	59	58	71	56	54	51	65	58
PM Rush Max Load Points									
Metro Center	DI	88	95	92	91	95	88	101	98
Farragut North	– Red -	90	92	82	103	80	87	86	87
Rosslyn		95	103	110	91	85	76	84	91
Foggy Bottom-GWU	Blue	87	109	101	91	89	84	78	98
Smithsonian		50	44	73	39	56	49	50	49
Foggy Bottom-GWU		116	98	83	78	97	85	89	90
Smithsonian	Orange	74	57	73	69	67	72	61	68
L'Enfant Plaza	Yellow	82	74	72	74	120	124	114	123
L'Enfant Plaza	- 0-	80	73	103	85	106	116	96	103
Mt. Vernon Square	- Green -	62	63	63	69	120	108	104	103
Foggy Bottom-GWU	- Silver -	107	90	85	72	76	62	64	70
L'Enfant Plaza	Silver	81	59	73	69	58	48	50	55

KPI: METROBUS	ON-TIME PE	RFORMANC	E [TARGET 79	9%]									
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016	79%	80%	76%	76%	77%	78%	77%	78%	78%	77%	77%	75%	78%
FY 2017	77%	77%	72%	73%	73%	76%	77%	78%	77%	76%	76%	76%	75%
FY 2018	80%	80%	76%	76%	76%	78%							78%

KPI: METROBUS	ON-TIME PE	RFORMANC	E BY TIME PE	RIOD									
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
AM Early (4AM-6AM)	89%	90%	89%	89%	87%	88%							89%
AM Peak (6AM-9AM)	84%	84%	79%	80%	80%	82%							81%
Mid Day (9AM-3PM)	79%	79%	77%	78%	77%	79%							78%
PM Peak (3PM-7PM)	75%	75%	69%	68%	67%	71%							71%
Early Night (7PM-11PM)	80%	80%	78%	78%	79%	81%						-	79%
Late Night (11 PM-4AM)	77%	79%	78%	78%	80%	81%							79%

BUS FLEET RELIA	BUS FLEET RELIABILITY (BUS MEAN DISTANCE BETWEEN FAILURES) [TARGET 8,000 MILES]													
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD	
FY 2016	6,518	7,352	7,542	7,307	9,185	<i>7</i> ,893	8,422	8,332	8,359	9,138	8,711	7,736	7,519	
FY 2017	7,540	7,425	8,428	8,378	8,262	8,421	7,962	9,881	9,254	8,499	7,784	8,350	8,039	
FY 2018	7,555	7,764	7,571	6,923	7,492	7,776							7,504	

BUS FLEET RELIA	BILITY (BUS	MEAN DISTA	NCE BETWEE	N FAILURE E	Y FLEET TYP	E)							
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
CNG Average Age 8.4	7,633	8,270	6,636	6,673	7,020	6,312							7,092
Hybrid Average Age 6.2	8,201	8,483	8,940	7,949	9,015	9,466							8,634
Clean Diesel Average Age 10.3	5,072	4,111	4,981	4,014	4,662	7,212							4,823
All Other Average Age 17.5	3,058	6,673	3,643	3,464	3,050	2,493							3,398
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BUS LOADING -	Q2/FY 2018 TOP 10 ROUTES BY JUI	RISDICTION			
Service Code	Line Name	Route Name	Time Period	Highest Passenger Load	Max Load Factor
	Georgia Ave - 7th Street	79	AM Peak	78	2.0
	14th Street	52	AM Peak	79	2.0
	Wisconsin Avenue	33	PM Peak	79	2.0
	Georgia Ave - 7th Street	79	PM Peak	78	2.0
D.C	Deanwood - Alabama Avenue	W4	AM Peak	91	2.0
DC	14th Street	53	PM Peak	79	2.0
	Friendship Heights - Southeast	30\$	PM Peak	79	2.0
	Georgia Ave - 7th Street	70	PM Peak	111	2.0
	14th Street	54	PM Peak	79	2.0
	Deanwood - Alabama Avenue	W4	PM Peak	83	2.0
	New Carrollton - Silver Spring	F4	PM Peak	78	2.0
	New Hampshire Ave - Maryland	K6	PM Peak	77	1.9
	Viers Mill Road	Q4	PM Peak	75	1.9
	New Hampshire Ave - Maryland	K6	Midday	76	1.9
MD	Greenbelt-Twinbrook	C4	Midday	75	1.9
MD	Georgia Avenue - Maryland	Y7	PM Peak	75	1.9
	Greenbelt-Twinbrook	C2	PM Peak	74	1.9
	New Carrollton - Silver Spring	F4	Midday	74	1.9
	Greenbelt-Twinbrook	C2	Midday	73	1.8
	Georgia Avenue - Maryland	Y8	Midday	73	1.8
	Leesburg Pike	28A	PM Peak	71	1.8
	Columbia Pike - Farragut Square	16Y	AM Peak	71	1.7
	Leesburg Pike	28A	AM Peak	67	1.7
	Leesburg Pike	28A	Midday	66	1.7
\/A	Burke Center	18P	PM Peak	64	1.6
VA	Lincolnia - North Fairlington	7Y	PM Peak	65	1.6
	Columbia Pike - Farragut Square	16Y	PM Peak	64	1.6
	Ballston - Farragut Square	38B	PM Peak	62	1.5
	Richmond Highway Express	REX	PM Peak	60	1.5
	Lincolnia - North Fairlington	7Y	AM Peak	61	1.5

Performance Threshold	Max Load Factor
Below Threshold	< 0.3
Standards Compliant	0.3 - 0.5
Occasional Crowding	0.6 - 0.7
Recurring Crowding	0.8 - 0.9
Regular Crowding	1.0 - 1.3
Continuous Crowding	> 1.3

Highest passenger load = the average of all the highest max loads recorded by route, trip and time period

Passenger Loads:

40' Bus (standard size) accommodates 40 sitting and 69 with standing

60' Bus (articulated) accommodates 61 sitting and 112 with standing

Load Factor = highest passenger load divided by actual bus seats used

^{*} Route has articulated buses, allowing for passenger load above 100

KPI: METROACCESS ON-TIME PERFORMANCE [TARGET 92%]														
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD	
FY 2016	95%	95%	94%	93%	93%	94%	94%	93%	93%	93%	93%	92%	94%	
FY 2017	92%	91%	84%	83%	84%	87%	88%	87%	85%	88%	87%	92%	87%	
FY 2018	89%	91%	90%	93%	93%	94%							92%	

ESCALATOR SYS	ESCALATOR SYSTEM AVAILABILITY [TARGET 93%]														
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD		
FY 2016	93%	93%	93%	93%	93%	93%	94%	93%	94%	94%	93%	93%	93%		
FY 2017	93%	92%	93%	94%	94%	94%	95%	95%	96%	96%	96%	95%	93%		
FY 2018	95%	94%	95%	94%	94%	94%							94%		

ELEVATOR SYSTE	ELEVATOR SYSTEM AVAILABILITY [TARGET 97%]														
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD		
FY 2016	97%	97%	96%	96%	96%	97%	97%	97%	97%	97%	97%	97%	97%		
FY 2017	96%	97%	97%	97%	97%	97%	96%	97%	97%	97%	98%	97%	97%		
FY 2018	97%	97%	97%	97%	97%	98%							97%		

KPI: METROBUS	CUSTOMER	SATISFACTIC	N RATING		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FYTD
FY 2016	82%	81%	74%	78%	81%
FY 2017	78%	79%	74%	76%	79%
FY 2018	76%	N/A			N/A

KPI: METRORAIL	CUSTOMER	SATISFACTIO	ON RATING		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FYTD
FY 2016	67%	69%	68%	66%	69%
FY 2017	66%	66%	69%	72%	66%
FY 2018	74%	N/A			N/A



RED SIGNAL OV	ERRUNS												
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2017	4	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	0	0	10
FY 2018	0	0	1	0	1	1							3

FIRE AND SMOKE	INCIDENT	S											
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2017	4	15	9	8	3	8	7	5	7	15	6	10	47
Non-Electrical	3	9	6	3	1	4	3	2	1	4	2	3	26
Cable	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Arcing Insulator	1	6	2	5	2	2	4	3	5	11	4	7	18
Train Component	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
FY 2018	15	8	9	7	3	9							51
Non-Electrical	4	2	4	3	3	7							23
Cable	1	1	0	2	0	0							4
Arcing Insulator	9	5	5	2	0	0							21
Train Component	1	0	0	0	0	2							3

RAIL COLLISION	S												
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2017	1	1	1	2	3	0	2	0	3	1	1	2	8
FY 2018	1	1	1	0	0	1							4

DERAILMENTS													
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2017	4	0	3	2	2	0	1	1	0	1	2	0	11
Trains Carrying Customers	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Trains with No Customers	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3
Roadway Maintenance Machines	1	0	2	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	7
FY 2018	2	1	2	0	0	1							6
Trains Carrying Customers	0	0	0	0	0	0							0
Trains with No Customers	0	0	0	0	0	0							0
Roadway Maintenance Machines	2	1	2	0	0	1							6

BUS COLLISION R	ATE [PER M	ILLION VEH	ICLE MILES]										
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2017	52.9	59.7	60.2	68.4	56.5	61.4	53.2	53.7	59.6	57.9	58.3	55.9	59.8
Non-Preventable	30.4	35.6	35.6	44.7	34.2	39.3	31.2	31.8	37.1	39.0	36.4	37.5	36.6
Preventable	22.5	24.1	24.5	23.8	22.4	22.0	22.1	21.9	22.5	18.9	21.9	18.4	23.1
FY 2018	57.9	62.7	59.6	58.3	62.0	60.6							60.2
Non-Preventable	33.5	35.0	38.4	33.8	37.3	38.6							36.1
Preventable	24.4	27.6	21.2	24.5	24.8	21.9							24.1

BUS PEDESTRIAN	N STRIKES [F	PEDESTRIAN	CYCLIST ST	RIKES]									
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2017	1	1	3	3	0	1	1	1	3	2	0	1	9
FY 2018	3	0	0	0	2	2							7

CUSTOMER INJU	IRY RATE (PE	R MILLION F	PASSENGERS) [TARGET ≤	1.75]								
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016	0.81	2.53	1.70	2.05	1.37	1.35	3.29	2.22	1.75	2.13	1.91	2.15	1.63
FY 2017	1.78	1.79	2.01	1.73	1.68	2.63	2.14	2.59	2.17	1.41	2.19	1.71	1.92
FY 2018	1.57	2.03	2.61	1.87	1.92	2.15							2.02

^{*}Includes Metrobus, Metrorail, rail transit facilities (stations, escalators and parking facilities) and MetroAccess customer injuries

RAIL CUSTOMER I	NJURY RA	TE (PER MILLI	ON PASSEN	GERS)									
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016	0.58	1.23	1.49	1.05	1.45	0.75	2.25	1.96	1.05	1.13	1.46	1.36	1.07
Non-Preventable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Preventable	0.58	1.23	1.49	1.05	1.45	0.75	2.25	1.96	1.05	1.13	1.46	1.36	1.07
FY 2017	0.79	1.13	1.62	1.07	1.36	2.33	1.91	2.05	1.40	1.10	1.61	1.41	1.36
Non-Preventable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Preventable	0.79	1.13	1.62	1.07	1.36	2.33	1.91	2.05	1.40	1.10	1.61	1.41	1.36
FY 2018	1.45	1.24	1.18	0.82	1.50	1.37							1.25
Non-Preventable	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00							0.00
Preventable	1.45	1.24	1.18	0.82	1.50	1.37							1.25

BUS CUSTOMER IN	NJURY RAT	E (PER MILLI	ON PASSEN	GERS)									
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016	0.85	4.01	1.86	3.31	1.17	1.96	4.35	2.14	2.69	3.21	1.67	3.07	2.21
Non-Preventable	0.68	2.14	0.80	1.48	0.88	0.78	1.93	0.61	1.70	1.13	0.46	1.72	1.13
Preventable	1.17	1.87	0.97	1.66	0.49	1.17	2.41	1.53	0.99	2.26	1.21	1.44	1.06
FY 2017	2.28	2.35	2.22	2.22	1.56	2.56	2.11	3.07	2.62	1.80	2.52	1.84	2.19
Non-Preventable	0.85	1.27	1.85	0.74	0.78	0.53	0.32	0.95	1.65	0.20	0.84	0.97	1.02
Preventable	1.42	1.09	0.37	1.48	0.88	1.92	1.80	2.12	0.97	1.60	1.68	0.87	1.18
FY 2018	1.37	2.96	4.36	2.84	2.27	3.09							2.82
Non-Preventable	0.63	1.87	1.42	1.66	0.97	1.90							1.41
Preventable	0.74	1.08	2.94	1.17	1.30	1.19							1.41

METROACCESS CU	JSTOMER I	NJURY RATE	(PER 100,00	0 PASSENGE	RS)								
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016	2.06	2.64	1.05	1.50	0.55	1.58	3.37	2.73	0.96	3.06	5.08	1.49	1.57
Non-Preventable	1.55	0.00	0.52	1.50	0.55	0.53	1.35	2.19	0.48	2.04	2.03	0.99	0.79
Preventable	0.52	2.64	0.52	0.00	0.00	1.05	2.02	0.55	0.48	1.02	3.05	0.50	0.79
FY 2017	5.26	1.90	2.00	2.49	3.09	2.60	2.15	1.61	2.98	0.52	2.88	1.95	2.86
Non-Preventable	2.11	0.95	1.00	1.49	1.03	1.04	1.08	0.54	0.50	0.52	1.44	0.98	1.26
Preventable	3.16	0.95	1.00	0.99	2.06	1.56	1.08	1.07	1.99	0.00	1.44	0.98	1.60
FY 2018	2.14	1.46	2.09	3.39	1.55	1.09							1.97
Non-Preventable	1.61	0.97	2.09	1.45	1.55	0.00							1.29
Preventable	0.54	0.49	0.00	1.94	0.00	1.09							0.69

EMPLOYEE INJU	RY RATE (PE	R 200,000 H	OURS) [TARC	SET ≤ 5.1]									
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016	5.1	6.0	3.7	4.8	4.3	3.7	6.2	5.4	4.4	5.7	5.0	4.9	4.6
FY 2017	5.9	5.3	6.0	5.7	4.1	6.5	4.6	4.0	7.9	7.1	6.3	6.6	5.6
FY 2018	7.3	6.0	8.1	8.3	6.5	5.3							6.9

RAIL EMPLOYEE IN	NJURY RAT	E (PER 100 E	MPLOYEES)										
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016	4.7	3.4	2.7	3.4	3.9	2.4	4.7	4.2	2.8	4.2	3.9	3.7	3.4
Non-Preventable	1.0	0.4	1.0	0.4	0.8	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.7	1.4	0.9	1.3	0.6
Preventable	3.7	3.0	1.7	3.0	3.1	2.4	4.5	4.0	2.1	2.8	3.0	2.4	2.8
FY 2017	5.5	4.8	3.8	3.8	2.9	3.9	3.6	2.8	5.7	3.1	3.7	3.4	4.1
Non-Preventable	0.6	1.3	0.4	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.0	1.2	1.2	0.7
Preventable	4.9	3.5	3.4	3.1	2.3	3.5	3.4	2.6	5.1	3.1	2.5	2.2	3.5
FY 2018	5.7	3.7	3.9	5.1	2.4	3.2							4.0
Non-Preventable	2.0	0.6	1.3	0.6	0.2	1.3							1.0
Preventable	3.7	3.1	2.6	4.5	2.1	1.9							3.0

BUS EMPLOYEE IN	IJURY RATI	E (PER 100 EA	APLOYEES)										
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016	7.4	10.6	4.6	7.3	5.1	4.4	9.4	9.8	7.2	8.7	6.7	8.3	6.6
Non-Preventable	4.7	4.9	2.8	4.4	2.5	3.0	4.1	4.7	3.7	5.3	3.9	6.2	3.7
Preventable	2.7	5.8	1.8	2.9	2.5	1.5	5.3	5.0	3.5	3.4	2.7	2.1	2.9
FY 2017	7.0	8.3	9.0	11.5	7.0	7.3	6.9	6.7	12.2	14.4	10.9	12.7	8.9
Non-Preventable	4.3	4.9	5.7	6.1	5.2	4.6	4.4	4.0	6.4	9.3	5.6	6.7	5.1
Preventable	2.7	3.5	3.3	5.5	1.8	6.1	2.5	2.7	5.8	5.1	5.3	6.0	3.8
FY 2018	11.0	10.2	14.6	14.0	14.2	8.3							12.0
Non-Preventable	6.5	5.7	7.5	7.5	6.1	4.5							6.3
Preventable	4.5	4.5	7.1	6.5	8.0	3.8							5.7

KPI: PART I CRIM	E RATE [PER	MILLION PA	SSENGERS]										
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016	4.7	5.5	6.2	6.9	5.4	4.7	6.1	4.4	4.3	4.1	6.1	5.0	5.6
FY 2017	6.3	6.2	5.4	4.9	4.5	4.9	4.5	3.8	3.5	4.2	4.6	4.5	5.4
FY 2018	4.6	4.8	5.2	4.1	3.9	3.8							4.4

KPI: PART I CRIMES [TARGET ≤ 1,750 PART I CRIMES]													
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016	144	153	172	199	135	119	129	109	122	114	161	137	922
FY 2017	160	163	140	126	107	111	110	87	92	107	120	119	807
FY 2018	113	122	127	108	90	79							639

PART I CRIMES BY	TYPE												
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
Property Crime	69	85	98	77	68	58							455
Larceny (Snatch/ Pickpocket)	12	21	11	11	19	22							96
Larceny (Other)	51	59	83	62	47	31							333
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0							0
Motor Vehicle Theft	6	4	3	3	2	4							22
Attempted M V Theft	0	1	1	1	0	1							4
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0							0
Violent Crime	44	37	29	31	22	21							184
Aggravated Assault	13	11	10	9	6	6							55
Rape	1	1	0	0	0	0							2
Robbery	30	25	19	22	16	15							127
FY 2018 Part1 Crimes	113	122	127	108	90	79							639
FY 2018 Homicides	0	0	0	0	0	0							0

^{*} Homicides that occur on WMATA property are investigated by other law enforcement agencies. These cases are shown for public information; however, the cases are reported by the outside agency and are not included in MTPD crime statistics.



Fiscal Responsibility Performance Data

KP	KPI: RIDERSHIP BY MODE [BUDGET FORECAST 341.5 MILLION]													
		Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
Rail	Forecast	15,529,935	15,886,945	14,994,420	15,708,440	13,566,380	13,209,370							88,895,490
Re	Actual	15,195,047	15,291,378	14,446,237	15,760,054	13,957,496	12,382,372							87,032,584
n s	Forecast	9,942,000	10,481,000	10,060,100	10,503,000	9,346,000	9,076,000							59,408,000
B	Actual	9,375,256	10,042,871	9,798,585	10,182,688	9,171,025	8,384,448							56,954,873
ess	Forecast	195,000	210,000	201,000	214,000	192,000	197,000							1,209,000
Aco	Actual	186,699	206,014	191,051	206,407	193,974	182,911							1,167,055
Ta	Forecast	25,666,935	26,577,945	25,255,420	26,425,440	23,104,380	22,482,370						_	149,512,490
To	Actual	24,757,002	25,540,263	24,435,872	26,149,149	23,322,495	20,949,731							145,154,512

KPI: BUDGET MAI	NAGEMEN	[TARGET 0-	-2 % FAVORA	ABLE]									
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
Expense Variance (\$)	(\$7)	(\$25)	(\$27)	(\$31)	(\$32)	(\$31)							(\$31)
Revenue Variance (\$)	(\$2)	(\$5)	(\$9)	(\$10)	(\$9)	(\$10)							(\$10)
Net Subsidy Variance (\$)	(\$5)	(\$20)	(\$19)	(\$22)	(\$23)	(\$21)							(\$21)
Expense Variance (%)	-5%	-8%	-6%	-5%	-4%	-3%							-3%
Revenue Variance (%)	-2%	-4%	-4%	-3%	-2%	-2%							-2%
Net Subsidy Variance (%)	-6%	-13%	-8%	-7%	-6%	-4%							-4%
Favorable (+) / Unfavorable (-)	4%	7%	4%	4%	3%	2%							2%

KPI: CAPITAL FUNDS INVESTED [TARGET 95% OF CAPITAL BUDGET]													
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016	1%	6%	16%	17%	25%	34%	38%	44%	55%	58%	66%	85%	34%
FY 2017	5%	14%	25%	33%	41%	51%	59%	66%	74%	82%	89%	99%	51%
FY 2018	5%	12%	18%	26%	33%	40%							40%
*EV2017 is alived a gastied by ideat amone depart (\$1.175 billion)													

^{*}FY2017 includes capital budget amendment (\$1.175 billion)

VACANCY RATE	VACANCY RATE [TARGET 5%]												
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016	7%	6%	7%	7%	7%	7%	7%	7%	7%	7%	7%	7%	7%
FY 2017	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	6%	7%	5%
FY 2018	7%	7%	7%	6%	7%	6%							6%

OPERATIONS CRITICAL VACANCY RATE [TARGET 9%]													
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016							11%	11%	12%	12%	10%	11%	N/A
FY 2017	10%	10%	10%	8%	8%	8%	7%	7%	7%	8%	8%	11%	8%
FY 2018	13%	12%	13%	12%	12%	12%							12%

WATER USAGE (GALLONS PER VEHICLE MILE) [TARGET 0.84]													
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016	1.21	1.30	1.47	0.97	0.57	0.52	0.70	0.73	0.60	0.69	0.64	0.94	1.01
FY 2017	1.37	1.29	1.56	1.05	0.61	0.50	0.69	0.52	0.64	0.66	0.67	1.13	1.06
FY 2018	1.25	1.39	1.39	N/A	N/A	N/A							N/A

ENERGY USAGE (BTU/VEHICLE MILE) [TARGET 39,399]													
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016	40,193	41,349	39,798	39,262	37,639	42,240	47,371	43,640	37,952	38,660	37,365	39,565	40,108
FY 2017	42,404	39,734	44,477	37,665	38,352	40,112	45,493	42,813	39,927	40,877	36,782	41,244	40,437
FY 2018	41,548	38,877	40,337	36,266	38,773	40,066							39,284

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS PER VEHICLE MILE [TARGET 4.00]													
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	FYTD
FY 2016	4.15	4.18	4.18	4.06	3.79	4.31	4.47	4.14	3.56	3.75	3.57	3.79	4.12
FY 2017	4.11	3.80	4.34	3.63	3.66	3.81	4.54	4.34	3.95	4.22	3.77	4.29	4.15
FY 2018	4.34	4.03	4.22	3.78	4.08	4.02			-				4.19

Definitions

KPI	How is it measured?	What does this mean and why is it key to our strategy?
QUALITY SERVICE	E	
Metrorail Customer On-Time Performance	Percentage of customer journeys completed on time Number of journeys completed on time ÷ Total number of journeys	Rail Customer On-Time Performance (OTP) communicates the reliability of rail service, which is a key driver of customer satisfaction. OTP measures the percentage of customers who complete their journey within the maximum amount of time it should take per WMATA service standards. The maximum time is equal to the train run-time + a headway (scheduled train frequency) + several minutes to walk between the fare gates and platform. These standards vary by line, time of day, and day of the week. Actual journey time is calculated from the time a customer taps a SmarTrip® card to enter the system, to the time when the SmarTrip® card is tapped to exit.
		Factors that can effect OTP include: railcar availability, fare gate availability, elevator and escalator availability, infrastructure conditions, speed restrictions, single-tracking around scheduled track work, railcar delays (e.g., doors), or delays caused by sick passengers.
Rail Infrastructure Availability	Percentage of track available for customer travel during operating hours	Rail Infrastructure Availability is a key driver of customer on-time performance. Planned and unplanned maintenance of track, signaling, and traction power can result in single-tracking and/or speed restrictions that slow customer travel throughout the system. This measure includes both the duration and distance of restrictions. Single-tracking events reduce availability to zero for the portion of track impacted. Slow speed restrictions reduce availability of affected track segments by 85%, while medium restrictions reduce availability by 40%.
FTA Reportable Speed Restrictions	Percentage of track segments with performance restrictions at 9:00 AM the first Wednesday of every month Number of track miles with performance restrictions ÷	In 2016, the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) issued its Final Rule on Transit Asset Management, which requires transit properties to set targets and report performance on a variety of measures, including guideway condition. Guideway includes track, signals and systems.
(Federal Transit Administration Transit Asset Management Performance Measure)	234 total miles	A performance restriction occurs when there is a speed restriction: the maximum train speed is set below the guideway design speed. Performance restrictions may result from a variety of causes, including defects, signaling issues, construction zones, and maintenance causes. FTA considers performance restrictions to be a proxy for both track condition and the underlying guideway condition.
Train On-Time Performance	Number of station stops delivered within the scheduled headway plus 2 minutes during rush (AM/PM) service ÷ Total station stops delivered	Train on-time performance measures the adherence to weekday headways, or the time customers wait between trains. Factors that can effect on-time performance include: infrastructure conditions, missed dispatches, railcar delays (e.g., doors), or delays caused by sick passengers. Station stops are tracked
	Number of station stops delivered up to 150% of the scheduled headway during non-rush (midday and evening) ÷ Total station stops delivered	system-wide, with the exception of terminal and turn-back stations.

KPI	How is it measured?	What does this mean and why is it key to our strategy?
Rail Fleet Reliability	Mean Distance Between Delays (MDBD) Total railcar revenue miles ÷ Number of failures during revenue service resulting in	The number of miles traveled before a railcar experiences a failure. Some car failures result in inconvenience or discomfort, but do not always result in a delay of service (such as hot cars). Mean Distance Between Delay includes those failures that had an impact on customer on-time performance.
	delays of four or more minutes	Mean Distance Between Failure and Mean Distance Between Delay communicate the effectiveness of Metro's railcar maintenance and engineering program. Factors that influence railcar reliability are the
	Mean Distance Between Failure (MDBF) Total railcar revenue miles ÷	age and design of the railcars, the amount the railcars are used, the frequency and quality of preventive
	Total number of failures occurring during revenue service	maintenance, and the interaction between railcars and the track.
Trains in Service	Percentage of required trains that are in service at 8:15 AM and 5:00PM	Trains in Service is a key driver of customer on-time performance and supports the ability to meet the Board standard for crowding. WMATA's base rail schedule requires 140 trains during rush periods. Fewer
	Number of Trains in service ÷ Total required trains	trains than required results in missed dispatches, which leads to longer wait times for customers and more crowded conditions. Key drivers of train availability include the size of the total fleet and the number of "spares", railcar reliability and average time to repair, operator availability, and balancing cars across rail yards to ensure that the right cars are in the right place at the right time.
Rail Loading	Number of rail passengers per car	The Board of Directors has established Board standards of rail passengers per car to measure railcar
	Total passengers observed on-board trains passing through	crowding. Car crowding informs decision making regarding asset investments and scheduling.
	a station during a rush hour ÷ Actual number of cars passing through the same station during the rush hour	Additional Board standards have been set for:
	Trained Metro observers are strategically placed around	▲ Hours of service—the Metrorail system is open to service customers
	the system during its busiest times to monitor and report on crowding.	▲ Headway—scheduled time interval between trains during normal weekday service
	Counts are taken at select stations where passenger loads are the highest and in the predominant flow direction of travel on one to two dates each month (from 6 AM to 10 AM and from 3 PM to 7 PM). In order to represent an average day, counts are normalized with rush ridership.	
Metrobus	Adherence to Schedule	This indicator illustrates how closely Metrobus adheres to published route schedules on a system-wide
On-Time Performance	Number of time points that arrived on time by route based on a window of 2 minutes early and 7 minutes late ÷ Total number of time points scheduled (by route)	basis. Factors that effect on-time performance are traffic congestion, inclement weather, scheduling, vehicle reliability, and operational behavior. Bus on-time performance is essential to delivering quality service to the customer.
Bus Fleet	Mean Distance Between Failures (MDBF)	Mean Distance Between Failures is used to monitor trends in vehicle breakdowns that cause buses to go
Reliability	The number of total miles traveled before a mechanical breakdown requiring the bus to be removed from service or deviate from the schedule	out of service and to plan corrective actions. Factors that influence bus fleet reliability include vehicle age, quality of maintenance program, original vehicle quality, and road conditions affected by inclement weather and road construction.

KPI	How is it measured?	What does this mean and why is it key to our strategy?
Bus Loading	Ratio of bus seats filled Top load recorded on a route during a time period ÷ actual bus seat capacity	Bus crowding is a factor of bus customer satisfaction. This measure can inform decision making regarding bus service plans.
MetroAccess On-Time Performance	Adherence to Schedule Number of vehicle arrivals at the pick-up location within the 30 minute on-time widow ÷ Total trips delivered	This indicator illustrates how closely MetroAccess adheres to customer pick-up windows on a system-wide basis. Factors that effect on-time performance are traffic congestion, inclement weather, scheduling, vehicle reliability, and operational behavior. MetroAccess on-time performance is essential to delivering quality service to the customer.
Elevator and Escalator Availability	In-service percentage Hours in service ÷ Operating hours	Escalator/elevator availability is a key component of customer satisfaction with Metrorail service. This measure communicates system-wide escalator and elevator performance (at all stations over the course of the day) and will vary from an individual customer's experience.
	Hours in service = Operating hours – Hours out of service Operating hours = Operating hours per unit × number of units	Availability is the percentage of time that Metrorail escalators or elevators in stations and parking garages are in service during operating hours.
		Customers access Metrorail stations via escalators to the train platform, while elevators provide an accessible path of travel for persons with disabilities, seniors, customers with strollers, and travelers carrying luggage. An out-of-service escalator requires walking up or down a stopped escalator, which can add to travel time and may make stations inaccessible to some customers. When an elevator is out of service, Metro is required to provide alternative services which may include shuttle bus service to another station.
Customer Satisfaction	Survey respondent rating Number of survey respondents with high satisfaction ÷ Total number of survey respondents	Surveying customers about the quality of Metro's service delivery provides a mechanism to continually identify those areas of the operation where actions to improve the service can maximize rider satisfaction.
		Customer satisfaction is defined as the percent of survey respondents who rated their last trip on Metrobus or Metrorail as "very satisfactory" or "satisfactory." The survey is conducted via phone with approximately 400 bus and 400 rail customers who have ridden Metro in the past 30 days. Results are summarized by quarter (e.g., January–March).

SAFETY AND SECURITY

Customer Injury Rate	Customer Injury	Customer injury rate:	The customer injury rate is based on National Transit Database (NTD) Reporting criteria. It includes injury
	Rate	Number of injuries ÷ (Number of passengers ÷ 1,000,000)	to any customer caused by some aspect of Metro's operation that requires immediate medical attention away from the scene of the injury.
			Customer safety is the highest priority for Metro and a key measure of quality service. Customers expect a
			safe and reliable ride each day. The customer injury rate is an indicator of how well the service is meeting

this safety objective.

KPI	How is it measured?	What does this mean and why is it key to our strategy?
Employee Injury Rate	Employee injury rate: Number of injuries ÷ (Total work hours ÷ 200,000)	An employee injury is recorded when the injury is (a) work related; and, (b) one or more of the following happens to the employee: 1) receives medical treatment above first aid, 2) loses consciousness, 3) takes off days away from work, 4) is restricted in their ability to do their job, 5) is transferred to another job, 6) death.
		OSHA recordable injuries are a key indicator of how safe employees are in the workplace.
Crime	Reported Part I Crimes	Part I crimes reported to Metro Transit Police Department for Metrobus (on buses), Metrorail (on trains and in rail stations), or at Metro-owned parking lots in relation to Metro's monthly passenger trips.
		This measure provides an indicator of the perception of safety and security customers experience when traveling the Metro system. Increases or decreases in crime statistics can have a direct effect on whether customers feel safe in the system.

PEOPLE AND ASSETS		
Ridership	Total Metro ridership	Ridership is a measure of total service consumed and an indicator of value to the region. Drivers of this
	Metrorail passenger trips + Metrobus passenger boardings + MetroAccess passenger trips	indicator include service quality and accessibility.
		Passenger trips are defined as follows:
		Metrorail reports passenger trips. A passenger trip is counted when a customer enters through a faregate. In an example where a customer transfers between two trains to complete their travel one trip is counted.
		▲ Metrobus reports passenger boardings. A passenger boarding is counted at the farebox when a customer boards a Metrobus. In an example where a customer transfers between two Metrobuses to complete their travel two trips are counted.
		MetroAccess reports passenger trips. A fare paying passenger traveling from an origin to a destination is counted as one passenger trip.
		*For performance measures and target setting, Metro uses total ridership numbers including passengers on bus shuttles to more fully reflect total passengers served. Metro does not include bus shuttle passenger trips in its budget or published ridership forecasts.
Operating Budget	Percentage surplus or deficit comparing actual revenues and subsidy to actual expenses	This indicator tracks Metro's progress managing its operating revenues and expenses.
Management	(actual revenues + subsidy –actual expenses) ÷ actual expenses	

KPI	How is it measured?	What does this mean and why is it key to our strategy?
Capital Funds	Percentage of capital budget spend	This indicator tracks spending progress of the Metro Capital Improvement Program.
Invested	Cumulative monthly capital expenditures ÷ fiscal year capital budget, including actual rollover from previous fiscal year	
Vacancy Rate	Percentage of budgeted positions that are vacant	This measure indicates how well Metro is managing its human capital strategy to recruit new employees i a timely manner, in particular operations-critical positions. Factors influencing vacancy rate ca recruitment activities, training schedules, availability of talent, promotions, retirements, among other factors.
	(Number of budgeted positions – number of employees in budgeted positions) ÷ number of budgeted positions	
Water Usage	Rate of gallons of water consumed per vehicle mile	This measure reflects the level of water consumption Metro uses to run its operations. Water consumption
	Total gallons of water consumed ÷ Total vehicle miles	is a key area of Metro's Sustainability Initiative, which brings focus to Metro's efforts to provide stewardship of the environmental systems that support the region.
Energy Usage	Rate of British Thermal Units (BTUs) consumed per vehicle mile	This measure reflects the level of various types of energy Metro uses to power its operations. Energy consumption is a key area of Metro's Sustainability Initiative, which brings focus to Metro's efforts to provide stewardship of the environmental systems that support the region.
	MBTU(Gasoline + Natural Gas + Compressed Natural Gas + Traction Electricity + Facility Electricity) × 1000 ÷ Total vehicles miles	
Greenhouse	Rate of metric tons of CO ₂ emitted per vehicle mile	Greenhouse Gas emissions reflect how Metro sources its energy used to power its operations, as well at the amount of energy it uses. Reducing Greenhouse Gas emissions is a key area of Metro's Sustainabili Initiative, which brings focus to Metro's efforts to provide stewardship of the environmental systems that support the region.
Gas Emissions	(CO ₂ metric tons generated from gas, CNG and diesel used by Metro revenue and non-revenue vehicles + CO ₂ metric tons generated from electricity and natural gas used by facilities and rail services) ÷ Total vehicle miles	